Term Information

Effective Term Spring 2026 **Previous Value** Summer 2013

Course Change Information

What change is being proposed? (If more than one, what changes are being proposed?)

Change number to 3000-level. Correct pre-regs, Add Themes Citizenship for a Just and Diverse World, as well as HIP 4cr designation.

What is the rationale for the proposed change(s)?

This experience does not currently apply toward the GE program.

What are the programmatic implications of the proposed change(s)?

(e.g. program requirements to be added or removed, changes to be made in available resources, effect on other programs that use the course)?

Increased participation in Global May Bolivia programming

Is approval of the requrest contingent upon the approval of other course or curricular program request? No

Is this a request to withdraw the course? No

General Information

Course Bulletin Listing/Subject Area Spanish

Spanish & Portuguese - D0596 Fiscal Unit/Academic Org

College/Academic Group Arts and Sciences Level/Career Undergraduate Course Number/Catalog 3798.11

Previous Value 2798.11

Bolivia: Cultures and Identities **Course Title**

Transcript Abbreviation Bolivia Cult&Idnty

This interdisciplinary course introduces students to the History, Politics, Cultures, and Identities of Bolivia. It explores its main geographical regions; the heritage and traditions of its peoples; and the different political and cultural currents within the country and its different regions. Students will be **Course Description**

encouraged to think critically about Bolivia, the U.S. and different global forces.

Semester Credit Hours/Units Fixed: 4 Previous Value Fixed: 3

Offering Information

Length Of Course 4 Week **Flexibly Scheduled Course** Never Does any section of this course have a distance No

educatión component?

Letter Grade **Grading Basis**

Repeatable

Course Components Lecture, Field Experience

Grade Roster Component Lecture Credit Available by Exam No **Admission Condition Course** No Off Campus Always Campus of Offering Columbus 3798.11 - Status: PENDING

Last Updated: Vankeerbergen, Bernadette Chantal 05/08/2025

Prerequisites and Exclusions

Foundations course in Literary, Visual and Performing Arts, or Historical and Cultural Studies, or Race, Ethnicity and Gender Diversity.

Spanish 4516 (Taught in English) recommended, but not required. Prerequisites/Corequisites

Prereq: 4516 or permission of instructor. **Previous Value**

Exclusions

Electronically Enforced No

Cross-Listings

Cross-Listings

Subject/CIP Code

Subject/CIP Code 16.0905

Subsidy Level General Studies Course

Intended Rank Freshman, Sophomore, Junior, Senior

Requirement/Elective Designation

General Education course:

Education Abroad (new); Citizenship for a Diverse and Just World; Intercultural and Global Awareness

The course is an elective (for this or other units) or is a service course for other units

Previous Value

General Education course:

Education Abroad (new)

The course is an elective (for this or other units) or is a service course for other units

Course Details

3798.11 - Status: PENDING

Last Updated: Vankeerbergen, Bernadette Chantal 05/08/2025

Course goals or learning objectives/outcomes

- Students recognize and describe similarities, differences, and interconnections between citizenship, justice, and diversity Bolivia and the U.S. through class activities, pláticas, projects, and sharing their overseas experience.
- Students function effectively outside the United States by living and studying in Bolivia and by travelling both to and from and within that country, and by engaging respectfully and appropriately with classmates, professors, and incountry contact
- Students articulate how their time abroad has enriched their academic experience by documenting and reflecting upon their experiences in Bolivia through class activities, pláticas, projects, and sharing their overseas experience.
- Students will gain a foundational knowledge of Bolivian history, cultures, and national identities, and more in-depth knowledge of specific issues such as cultural diversity, national and international politics, and more.
- Students will engage in experiential learning by travelling within Bolivia & engaging in active learning, as well as visiting key culturally & historically significant sites.
- Students will develop critical thinking skills by analyzing academic and cultural content and trip experiences. Students will develop communications skills through class activities, pláticas, projects, and sharing their overseas experience.

Previous Value

Content Topic List

Bolivian national identities

- Regional and ethnic tensions
- National formation
- Bolivia: History and culture

Sought Concurrence

Attachments

- Global and Intercultural Learning Virtual Course Inventory.docx: course inventory
- (Other Supporting Documentation. Owner: Sanabria, Rachel A.)
- Connections to theme Citizenship for a Just and Diverse World.docx: Theme

(Other Supporting Documentation. Owner: Sanabria, Rachel A.)

Bolivia May course contact hours.docx: Contact Hours

(Other Supporting Documentation. Owner: Sanabria, Rachel A.)

Rationale for 4 credit - Bolivia May.docx: HIP 4cr rationale

(Other Supporting Documentation. Owner: Sanabria, Rachel A.)

Bolivia May Syllabus 03-19-25.docx: syllabus

(Syllabus. Owner: Sanabria, Rachel A.)

Comments

- Please see attached credit hour rationale & syllabus addendum that highlights contact hours. (by Sanabria, Rachel A. on 05/08/2025 08:57 AM)
- - If this course is requesting to be a High Impact Practice Theme course, it will need to be 4 credit hours, right? On the form in curriculum.osu.edu, the course is still said to be 3 credits.
- Please upload a credit hour rationale that explains how this course is worth 4 credits. See here https://asccas.osu.edu/submission/development/submission-policies/credit-allocation-guidelines-education-abroadprograms (by Vankeerbergen, Bernadette Chantal on 04/30/2025 03:11 PM)

Workflow Information

Status	User(s)	Date/Time	Step
Submitted	Sanabria,Rachel A.	04/24/2025 01:34 PM	Submitted for Approval
Approved	Sanabria, Rachel A.	04/24/2025 01:34 PM	Unit Approval
Revision Requested	Vankeerbergen,Bernadet te Chantal	04/30/2025 03:13 PM	College Approval
Submitted	Sanabria, Rachel A.	05/08/2025 09:01 AM	Submitted for Approval
Approved	Sanabria,Rachel A.	05/08/2025 09:01 AM	Unit Approval
Approved	Vankeerbergen,Bernadet te Chantal	05/08/2025 10:15 AM	College Approval
Pending Approval	Jenkins,Mary Ellen Bigler Hanlin,Deborah Kay Hilty,Michael Neff,Jennifer Vankeerbergen,Bernadet te Chantal Steele.Rachel Lea	05/08/2025 10:15 AM	ASCCAO Approval

Syllabus: Spanish 3798.11 (May 2026) Global May Bolivia

Professors Anna Babel (.6) and Elvia Andia Grageda (.1) Department of Spanish & Portuguese 614 292 4958

Cell numbers: XXXXX and XXXXXX

Office hours: By appointment

This interdisciplinary course introduces students to citizenship through the history, politics, cultures, and identities of Bolivia. It explores three geographical regions (the *Altiplano* or highlands; the valleys, and the tropical lowlands) and the groups of people who live there; the different political and cultural currents within the country and its diverse regions; and examples of contemporary indigenous activism, languages, and movements. Students will engage in handson, experiential learning and assemble an experiential learning portfolio over the course of this trip. Among other topics, students will explore the politics of citizenship in Bolivia; the diverse ethnic and cultural groups in the country; and efforts towards environmental and social justice. In the process, students will be encouraged to think critically about their new surroundings and to reflect on what Bolivian approaches to citizenship, justice, and diversity can teach them about the United States and our traditions around these concepts.

Goals (Citizenship for a Just and Diverse World)

- Analyze concepts of citizenship, justice and diversity at a more advanced and in-depth level than in the Foundations component.
- Integrate approaches to understanding citizenship for a just and diverse world by making connections to out-of-classroom experiences with academic knowledge or across disciplines and/or to work they have done in previous classes and that they anticipate doing in future.
- Explore and analyze a range of perspectives on local, national or global citizenship and apply the knowledge, skills and dispositions that constitute citizenship.
- Examine notions of justice amid difference and analyze and critique how these interact with historically and socially constructed ideas of citizenship and membership within society, both within the United States and around the world.

Expected Learning Outcomes (Citizenship for a Just and Diverse World) Successful students will be able to:

- 1.1 Engage in critical and logical thinking about the topic or idea of citizenship for a just and diverse world.
- 1.2 Undertake an advanced, in-depth, scholarly exploration of the topic or idea of citizenship for a just and diverse world.
- 2.1 Identify, describe and synthesize approaches or experiences as they apply to citizenship for a just and diverse world.
- 2.2 Demonstrate a developing sense of self as a learner through reflection, self-assessment and creative work, building on prior experiences to respond to new and challenging contexts.

- 3.1 Describe and analyze a range of perspectives on what constitutes citizenship and how it differs across political, cultural, national, global and/or historical communities.
- 3.2 Identify, reflect on and apply the knowledge, skills and dispositions required for intercultural competence as a global citizen.
- 4.1 Examine, critique and evaluate various expressions and implications of diversity, equity and inclusion, and explore a variety of lived experiences.
- 4.2 Analyze and critique the intersection of concepts of justice, difference, citizenship, and how these interact with cultural traditions, structures of power and/or advocacy for social change.

Goals (Education Abroad and Away)

- Successful students analyze an important topic or idea at a more advanced and in-depth level than the foundations, and (1.1) engage in critical and logical thinking about the topic or idea of the theme, as well as (1.2) engage in an advanced, in-depth, scholarly exploration of the topic or idea of the theme.
- Successful students will integrate approaches to the theme by making connections across disciplines or between out-of-classroom experiences and academic knowledge and/or to work they have done in previous classes and that they anticipate doing in future, as well as (2.1) identify, describe, and synthesize approaches or experiences as they apply to the theme and (2.2) demonstrate a developing sense of self as a learner through reflection, self-assessment, and creative work, building on prior experiences to respond to new and challenging contexts.

Expected Learning Outcomes (Education Abroad and Away)

- **1.1.a.** Critical thinking: Clearly state and comprehensively describe the issue or problem under consideration, delivering all relevant information necessary.
- **1.1.b. Analysis**: Interpret and evaluate information from multiple sources to develop a comprehensive analysis or synthesis, and thoroughly question the viewpoints of experts and professionals.
- **1.1.c. Critical thinking & analysis:** Systematically and methodically analyze their own and others' assumptions and carefully evaluate the relevance of contexts when representing a position.
- **1.2.a. Scholarly engagement:** Articulate a thorough, complex, and scholarly understanding of the issues, resources, assets, and cultures of the culture and location in which they are working.
- **2.1.a.** Integration of knowledge: Connect, analyze, and extend knowledge (facts, theories, etc.) from course content to contemporary global issues and contexts and their experience away.
- **2.1.b Multiple perspectives:** Evaluate and apply diverse perspectives to complex subjects from multiple cultural lenses.
- **2.2.a.** Cultural self-awareness: Engage in intercultural learning and reflect on their own cultural values and seek to understand how their actions affect and are affected by both local and global communities they live in.

2.2.b. Intercultural empathy: Interpret and explain intercultural experience from the perspectives of their own and at least one other worldview and demonstrate intercultural empathy towards culturally different others.

Specific Goals and Learning Outcomes for this course:

- Students recognize and describe similarities, differences, and interconnections between citizenship, justice, and diversity Bolivia and the U.S. through class activities, pláticas, projects, and sharing their overseas experience.
- Students function effectively outside the United States by living and studying in Bolivia and by travelling both to and from and within that country, and by engaging respectfully and appropriately with classmates, professors, and in-country contacts.
- Students articulate how their time abroad has enriched their academic experience by documenting and reflecting upon their experiences in Bolivia through class activities, pláticas, projects, and sharing their overseas experience.
- Students will gain a foundational knowledge of Bolivian history, cultures, and national identities, and more in-depth knowledge of specific issues such as cultural diversity, national and international politics, and more.
- Students will engage in experiential learning by travelling within Bolivia and engaging in active learning, as well as visiting key culturally and historically significant sites.
- Students will develop critical thinking skills by analyzing academic and cultural content and trip experiences.
- Students will develop communications skills through class activities, pláticas, projects, and sharing their overseas experience.

Course Requirements and Grades

Grading	Assignment	Correspondin	g ELOs
percentage		Citizenship	Ed. Abroad
10%	Pre-trip assessment (750 words; may be completed in written, audio, or video format)	2.2	2.2.a
	How do you understand the concepts of "citizenship," "diversity," and "justice"? What examples can you give of these ideals in action?		
	What were your motivations for choosing this course? What are your hopes, curiosities, and worries or fears going into the trip?		
50%	"Pláticas" (offered every 1-2 days)	1.1	1.1.a
	Structured discussions with professors/leaders	2.1	1.1.b
	regarding lectures, readings, and organized activities.	2.2	1.1.c
	These opportunities will give students the chance to	3.1	2.1.a
	ask questions, discuss their experiences, consider	3.2	2.1.b
	daily activities and their links to course themes.	4.1	2.2.a
	Professors/leaders will offer cultural context and	4.2	2.2.b
	interpretation to frame experiences and make		

	connections between different sites and activities.		
	This will also be an opportunity for students to		
	compare experiences and for professors/leaders to		
	address expectations and group dynamics. Students		
	must attend and actively participate in at least 80% of		
	the pláticas to pass the course.		
30%	Experiential learning portfolio – complete 30 points		
	selected from the options below		ļ
	10 points Daily journal – students will reflect on their	1.1	1.1.a
	experiences and observations during the trip and in relation	2.1	1.1.b
	to their course experiences, activities, lectures, and	2.2	1.1.c
	discussions, and write them down on a journal/notebook.	3.1	2.1.a
	There must be at least 10 entries of a minimum of 150-200	3.2	2.1.b
	words per day. Checked daily (cannot be turned in all at	4.1	2.2.a
	once at the end of the trip)	4.2	2.2.b
	10 points Messages home – a group of 8-10 messages to	1.1	1.1.a
	friends or family members reflecting on the trip and what	2.1	1.1.b
	you have learned. May be in any medium (letters, emails,	2.2	1.1.c
	text messages, social media posts) but no less than 150-200	3.1	2.1.a
	words per message. Must contain reflections on the class	3.2	2.1.b
	themes and descriptions of your experiences in Bolivia.	4.1	2.2.a
	Checked daily (cannot be turned in all at once at the end of	4.2	2.2.b
	the trip)		2.2.3
	10 points Photo archive – a curated group of 10-15	2.2	2.1.a
	photos representative of your visit to Bolivia with 50-100	3.2	2.1.b
	word captions detailing what makes them stand out to you	4.1	2.2.a
	and how they are related to class themes	4.2	2.2.b
	15 points Scrapbook or artifact collection – a carefully	2.2	2.1.a
	selected collection of 15-20 objects, found items,	3.2	2.1.b
	handmade crafts, gifts, or souvenirs that you collected over	4.1	2.2.a
	the course of the trip with 50-100 word captions detailing	4.2	2.2.b
	what makes them cohere as a collection and a discussion of		
	how they are related to course themes and goals		
	15 points Creative project (visual art, poetry, video	2.2	2.1.a
	essay, children's book) – create a project that captures the	3.2	2.1.b
	essence of your learning about Bolivia. Explain your	4.1	2.2.a
	motivation for creating the project and its connection to	4.2	2.2.a 2.2.b
	course themes in a 300-450 word explanation. Consult	1.2	2.2.0
	with professors/leaders for guidelines & appropriateness.		
L	with professors/readers for guidelines & appropriateless.		

	20 points Academic essay – write a 1000-word essay	1.1	1.1.a
	about a particular topic that drew your interest during the	1.2	1.1.b
	trip (for example: indigenous rights; ecotourism; Bolivian	2.1	1.1.c
	governance; water scarcity) using an academic essay	3.1	1.2.a
	format and citing at least three academic sources. This	4.1	2.1.a
	essay should draw on your existing	4.2	2.1.4
	knowledge/coursework, course readings, what you learned	1.2	
	in Bolivia, and your own independent research. Consult		
	with professors/leaders for guidelines & appropriateness.		
	Essay will be due in 4 installments (proposal,		
	outline+bibliography, rough draft, final draft) and must		
	demonstrate personal engagement and learning.		
	demonstrate personal engagement and rearming.		
10%	Post-trip reflection (750 words; may be completed in	1.1	1.1.a
	written, audio, or video format)	2.1	1.1.b
		2.2	1.1.c
	Having visited Bolivia, has your understanding of	3.1	2.1.a
	"citizenship," "diversity," and/or "justice" changed?	3.2	2.1.b
	If so, what spurred this change? How does this	4.1	2.2.a
	compare to relate to your expectations and	4.2	2.2.b
	experiences beforehand?		
	To what extent do you think that you were effective in		
	implementing an active, hands-on ("experiential")		
	learning strategy through the activities offered on this		
	trip? What kinds of adjustments or changes did this		
	require? Give examples.		
	What were your "highs" and "lows" during the trip?		
	Explain.		
	1		
		L	l

All activities, reflections, portfolio materials, and other course requirements must be completed by the date of the final exam, DATE/TIME, and turned in via Carmen.

Rubrics will be provided on Carmen and discussed on the date indicated on the syllabus.

Readings (all available online via Carmen)

Arnold, D.Y. (2023). Weaving as writing: a serious omission in the Bolivian Educational Reform of 1994. *Cultural Psychology* 4, 47–65. [LA PAZ]

Babel, A. (2018). Chapter 1, "Western highlands versus eastern lowlands: Cambas and Collas." In *Between the Andes and the Amazon: Language and social meaning in Bolivia*. University of Arizona Press. [SANTA CRUZ]

Bjork-James, C. (2020). Chapter 2, "This is how we all have to fight together." *The sovereign street: Making revolution in urban Bolivia*. University of Arizona Press. [COCHABAMBA]

Christie, J. J. (2020). Wak'a/shrine making and pilgrimage tourism in Copacabana, Bolivia. In *Pilgrimage beyond the Officially Sacred* (pp. 122-147). Routledge. [COPACABANA]

Goldstein, Daniel M. (2012). Chapter 1. Security, rights, and the law in Evo's Bolivia. *Outlawed: Between Security and Rights in a Bolivian City*, New York, USA: Duke University Press, pp. 1-34. [COCHABAMBA]

Gustafson, Bret. (2020). Chapter 9: Quarrel over the Excess. *Bolivia in the Age of Gas*, New York, USA: Duke University Press, 2020, pp. 223-246. [SANTA CRUZ]

Pearson, Z. (2020). Bolivia, coca, culture and colonialism. In *Research handbook on international drug policy* (pp. 283-300). Edward Elgar Publishing. [CHAPARE]

Sanchez-Lopez, M. D. (2019). From a white desert to the largest world deposit of lithium: Symbolic meanings and materialities of the Uyuni Salt Flat in Bolivia. *Antipode*, 51(4), 1318-1339. [UYUNI]

Shakow, M. (2014). Chapter 4: The intimate politics of the new middle class in Sacaba. *Along the Bolivian highway:* social mobility and political culture in a new middle class. University of Pennsylvania Press [COCHABAMBA]

Sturtevant, C. (2021). On choosing sides: ethical anthropology and inter-indigenous conflict in Alto Beni, Bolivia. *Latin American and Caribbean Ethnic Studies*, *17*(3), 371–389. [BENI]

Swinehart, K. (2024). Chapter 4, "Tupak in their veins." *Voice and Nation in Plurinational Bolivia: Aymara Radio and Song in an Age of Pachakuti*. Bloomsbury Publishing. [LA PAZ]

Grading Scale

Grades will be calculated according to the following scale:

A: 95% and above; A-: 90% and above; B+: 87% and above; B: 82% and above; B-: 80% and above; C+: 77.5% and above; C:72.5% and above; C-: 70% and above; D+: 67.5% and above; D: 60% and above; E: below 60%

Sample Schedule

May 11th to June 4th, 2026

Day	Date Desc	cription	Notes	Outcomes
		May 10: De	eparture	
	Fly to Bolivia from Co arrive Santa Cruz earl Monday morning			
	Mon	day May 1	1th	
Morning	Pickup at airport (VV)	(1)		
Afternoon	Welcome Lunch and I Safety Orientation me Güembé Aviario, Mar and resort (Location: l road to Porongo, Zona Santa Cruz de la Sierr Bolivia)	eting at iposario, Km. 5 u Urubó	This is a well-known nature refuge and sanctuary with a focus on native birds, butterflies, and insects Reading: Babel 2018	Entering the study abroad context: Discussion of the connections between the natural and human world and the role of nature in law and citizenship in the Bolivian context.
Evening	Free evening; optional dinner	group		First impressions of Bolivia from the students
	Tues	day May 1	2th	
Morning	Class meeting (2 hrs) discussion of biodiver the role of ecotourism Bolivian economy	sity and	Self-guided tour of the sanctuary, following prepared prompts	Justice and stewardship: Learning about principles of balance and conservation and the links between stewardship and environmental justice
Afternoon	Guided walking tour of Güembé with local sta		Activity: Environmental education and protection of species of the Bolivian Amazon.	Morality and spirituality: Discussing the role of culture, religion, and spirituality in developing moral stances towards a human-environment responsibilities and interactions

Evening	Plática; check notebooks/assignments		Discussion question : What principles do our concepts of citizenship, justice, and diversity rest on?
	Wednesday May	13th	
Morning	Class meeting (2 hrs) – to learn about the IPELC (Instituto Plurinacional de Estudio de Lenguas y Culturas de Bolivia), which we will visit in the afternoon. Discussion and question period with professors	Activity: Create a short list of questions for the afternoon presentation. Reading: Gustafson 2020	Pluriethnic, plurilingual citizenship: Efforts to integrate a plurilingual, pluriethnic society into structures of citizenship such as education. Discussions of pluralism vs. multiculturalism. Deeper understanding of the culture tied to the language, including customs, traditions, and social norms.
Afternoon	Visit to IPELC - Instituto Plurinacional de Estudio de Lenguas y Culturas de Bolivia	Topic: The relevance of the establishment of national enclaves to protect indigenous language and cultures.	Linguistic justice: Learn from language activists and speakers of indigenous languages about their efforts to preserve and make space for their languages to flourish
Evening	Free evening; optional group dinner		
	Thursday May	14th	
Morning	Class meeting (2 hrs) – to learn about UNICEF Bolivia, which we will visit in the afternoon. Discussion and question period with professors	Activity: Create a short list of questions for the presentation.	Global citizenship: Learn about UNICEF and its programs benefiting children in need.
Afternoon	Visit to UNICEF Bolivia.	Activity: UNICEF's participation in curriculum design to ensure respect for children and indigenous peoples of Bolivia.	How are governmental and non- governmental organizations connected beyond the structure of the nation- state?
Evening	Plática; check notebooks/assignments		Discussion question: What kinds of institutional structures support citizenship and advocacy for human

			rights and linguistic and cultural justice? How do the institutions we have observed approach this responsibility?
	Friday May 1:	5th	
Morning	Bus leaves from Santa Cruz de la Sierra to Bella Vista meeting point (trip 5 hrs)	Reading: Sturtevant 2021	Development and industry: Discuss the massive growth of the city of Santa Cruz and its impact on local communities and the national economy, as well as the role of rural- urban migration in this expansion
Afternoon	Hotel check in Bella Vista	Guided walking tour of Bella Vista.	Public lands and biodiversity: Learn about the importance of sustainable tourism and the eco- friendly practices and how the park manages its resources, wildlife, and environmental impact. Return to discussions of environmental stewardship and human-environment interactions
Evening	Free evening: dinner recommendations provided		
	Saturday May 1	l 6th	
Morning	Breakfast at the hotel Getting ready for the hiking trip.		National protected spaces and memorials: Discussion of Dr. Noel Kempff Mercado, the establishment of the park, and the importance of activism for human and environmental justice. Discussion of the role of citizenship and justice in protecting biodiverse spaces.

Afternoon	Visit and excursion to Parque Nacional Noel Kempff Mercado.	Guided by a local tourist guide. Hiking guide provided by the park	World heritage and ecotourism: Discussion of the economic and ecological history and present of this vast natural space, and ongoing efforts to maintain this area as a natural preserve. Learn about local communities that contribute to the management of the park and the role of flora and fauna in cultural practices.
Evening	Plática; check notebooks/assignments		Discussion question: How can we understand the interrelationship of plants, animals, and humans in protected spaces? How do western/colonial notions of citizenship compare to indigenous conceptions of land/scapes, spirituality, responsibilities between humans/nature/the divine, and traditional lifeways?
	Sunday May	17th	
Morning	Breakfast at the hotel Bus leaves from Bella Vista to Chimoré (trip 4 hrs)	Reading: Shakow 2014	Biodiversity and ecological management: Discussion of the importance of (eco)tourism to the economy of Bolivia and the interconnections between international travelers, diverse species, environmental protections, and local economies. Discuss extractivist versus conservationist approaches to natural resources.
Afternoon	Walking tour of the town of Chimoré	Self-guided tour, with prompts provided	Cultural and historical models of citizenship: Learn about the historical and cultural elements of the area's

Evening	Free evening; optional group		indigenous communities, local landmarks, and the development of systems of governmental participation based on pre- and post-colonial models of citizenship
	dinner Monday May 1	8th	
Morning	Walking tour to get to know the Universidad Indígena Boliviana Quechua Casimiro Huanca.	Guided by university student(s); conversations among students from Bolivia and the US	Self-governance and universities: Learn about the creation of the indigenous universities and their unique characteristics. Recognition of
Afternoon	Second part of the visit to Universidad Indígena Boliviana Quechua Casimiro Huanca. Lunch with students and professors.	Colloquium at the University: Access to higher education for indigenous peoples. Students ask questions and engage with speakers one-on-one	the institution as a response to the social need for higher education spaces for indigenous peoples.
Evening	Plática; check notebooks/assignments		Discussion question: What contrasts to you see between models of governance at the community and institutional level compared to the structures that you are familiar with in the US or elsewhere? What is the role of equal access to education in developing a sense of citizenship? How can universities and other cultural institutions best encourage participation in the practices of citizenship?
	Tuesday May 1	Ytn	

Discussion of the coca industry, coca policy, and Bolivia-US relations around coca/cocaine Free evening; optional group dinner Wednesday May 20th Morning Breakfast at the hote! Afternoon Visit to the municipality's tourism project to strengthen the art of sculptors and art students of Bolivia. Discussion of the coca industry, coca policy, and Bolivia-US relations around coca/cocaine Wednesday May 20th Discussion with tourism professionals; interviews and questions from students Self-guided tour, with prompts provided Discussion with tourism professionals; interviews and questions from students Self-guided tour, with prompts provided Discussion question: How do people develop a sense of citizenship? What kinds of issues can impede or encourage people to identify as citizens? Are there different kinds of citizenship? Thursday May 21st	Morning	Breakfast on their own Bus leaves from Chimoré to Shinahota (trip 1 hr) Check-in at the hotel	Reading: Pearson 2020	Rural and urban citizenship: Learn about small communities, particularly those in rural or isolated areas, that face unique challenges. Visiting these places can highlight issues like access to resources, economic development,
Morning Breakfast at the hote Morning Visit to the municipality's tourism project to strengthen the art of sculptors and art students of Bolivia. Self-guided tour, with prompts Din Kong Resort theme park. Din Kong Resort theme park. Din Kong Resort theme park D			Discussion of the coca industry, coca policy, and Bolivia-US relations	Bolivian legal and extra-legal coca production – again touching on issues of economy, morals, responsibility,
Morning Afternoon Visit to the municipality's tourism project to strengthen the art of sculptors and art students of Bolivia. Din Kong Resort theme park. Evening Plática; check notebooks/assignments Thursday May 21st Discussion with tourism professionals; interviews and questions from students Self-guided tour, with prompts provided Self-guided tour, with prompts provided pro	Evening			
Afternoon Visit to the municipality's tourism project to strengthen the art of sculptors and art students of Bolivia. Din Kong Resort theme park. Evening Plática; check notebooks/assignments Platica; Thursday May 21st Discussion with tourism professionals; interviews and questions from students professionals; interviews and questions from students professionals; interviews and questions, stories, myths, and local legends that contribute to the construction of the collective memory and identities of the region's residents. Discuss the role of verbal and visual art in constructing common identities. Discussion question: How do people develop a sense of citizenship? What kinds of issues can impede or encourage people to identify as citizens? Are there different kinds of citizenship?			20th	
tourism project to strengthen the art of sculptors and art students of Bolivia. Din Kong Resort theme park. Thursday May 21st Din Kong Resort theme park. Self-guided tour, with prompts provided Self-guided tour, with prompts provided Din Kong Resort theme park. Self-guided tour, with prompts provided Self-guided tour, with prompts and identities of the region's residents. Discuss the role of verbal and visual art in constructing common identities. Discussion question: How do people develop a sense of citizenship? What kinds of issues can impede or encourage people to identify as citizens? Are there different kinds of citizenship? Thursday May 21st	Morning			
notebooks/assignments develop a sense of citizenship? What kinds of issues can impede or encourage people to identify as citizens? Are there different kinds of citizenship? Thursday May 21st		tourism project to strengthen the art of sculptors and art students of Bolivia. Din Kong Resort theme park.	professionals; interviews and questions from students Self-guided tour, with prompts	identities: learn about the rich cultural traditions, stories, myths, and local legends that contribute to the construction of the collective memory and identities of the region's residents. Discuss the role of verbal and visual art in constructing common identities.
	Evening	notebooks/assignments	21st	develop a sense of citizenship? What kinds of issues can impede or encourage people to identify as citizens? Are there different kinds of
Morning Check out from the hotel Reading: Riork-James 2020	Morning	Check out from the hotel.	Reading: Bjork-James 2020	

	Bus leaves from Chimoré to Villa Tunari (trip 3 hrs)		
Afternoon	Check in at the Hotel Chimoré	Self-guided walking tour, with prompts provided	Struggles over citizenship: Discuss Bolivian political participation and regional identification. Discuss the "medialuna" and the autonomy movement versus Evo Morales's MAS government and the "cocaleros"
Evening	Free evening; optional group dinner		
	Friday May 22	nd	
Morning	Visit to the Machia Ecotourism Park.	Excursions in small groups	Civil disobedience: Learn about the 1988 Villa Tunari Massacre and
Afternoon	Visit to the La Jungla Ecotourism Park.	Excursions in small groups	opposition between coca growers and the government over the Ley 1008 (prohibiting coca growing in the Chapare region). Discuss the participation of the DEA and the role of unions (<i>sindicatos</i>) in putting pressure on the government. Introduce the role of blockades as resistance due to Bolivia's mountainous geography and few roads
Evening	Dinner at a local restaurant: Restaurante turistico San Silvestre Plática; check notebooks/assignments		Discussion question: What is the role of protest and civil disobedience in citizenship? What kinds of community justice were called into effect through the protests in the Chapare? What is the role of organizations such as unions in putting pressure on the elected government?
	Saturday May 2	23rd	

Morning	Breakfast on their own	Self-guided tour, with prompts provided	
Afternoon	Visit to Carrasco Park: High-Andean biodiversity.	Guided walking tour	Cooperation and solidarity in citizenship and environmental justice: Visit the park; learn about inter-indigenous and international cooperation at Inti Wara Yassi. Learn about animal behavior & conservation efforts, and understood the significance of protecting endangered species to Bolivian national identity
Evening	Bus leaves from Villa Tunari to Cochabamba (trip 4 hrs.) Check in at the Hotel; optional group dinner		
	Sunday May 24	4rd	
Morning	Hotel Regina Resort & Conventions Tiquipaya (Buffet breakfast, lunch, and dinner included)	Reading: Goldstein 2012	
Afternoon	Trip in the tour bus to get to know Cochabamba	Bus guide provided; students take notes and ask questions; walking segments (e.g. La Cancha market)	The Water Wars: As we learn more about the monuments and districts of central Cochabamba, discuss the inequities and injustices that led to the <i>Guerra del Agua</i> due to privatization of government resources. Discuss the role of indigenous women in resisting government – touch on <i>Las Heroinas</i> (history of women revolutionaries).
Evening	Plática; check notebooks/assignments		Discussion question: How do people of different genders have different experiences of citizenship? What

			kinds of agency do people exercise when they feel that their rights are threatened? What do processes of reconciliation or peace-making look like?
	Monday May 2	25 th	
Morning	Guided walking tour to Parque Tunari		Highland subsistence: Discuss scarcity and the role of community in subsisting at high elevations. Learn about typical highland crops – quinoa, habas, chuño, trigo, and sheep and goat herding. Discuss "asentamientos" at the border of the park and debates over private vs. public usage of the land.
Afternoon	Guided tour to the Teleferico- Cristo de la Concordia	Walking tour	Embodied ritual: Discussion of the ritual power of embodied movement and pilgrimage traditions, as well as the role of Catholicism in Bolivian national identity
Evening	Free evening; optional group dinner		
	Tuesday May 2	26 th	
Morning	Breakfast at the hotel. Visit to La Universidad Mayor de San Simón. Department of Applied Linguistics to Language Teaching	Conversation with the director of the department of linguistics; students prepare questions for director and students	citizenship: Bolivia is a multilingual country, and language teaching and learning programs include more than 30 languages. Participants can learn about the training processes of professionals who specialize in teaching these languages, and how children are socialized into national

			and identities through the use of
			indigenous languages
Afternoon	Bus leaves from the hotel to visit to the Liriuni hot springs (1 hour).	Immersion in the hot springs	Economy and tourism: Learn about community-based tourism and understand its benefits and challenges. Compare natural and human resources available in the Cochabamba area with the natural and human resources we saw in Santa Cruz, and discuss the diverse ways that different communities have of caring for and exploiting those resources.
Evening	Plática; check notebooks/assignments		Discussion question: Now that we've been in Bolivia for a little over 2 weeks, let's look back at our initial journal entries and impressions. What have you learned, and what has been most impactful for you?
	Wednesday May	7 27 th	
Morning	Weaving session from an indigenous Quechua woman	Hands-on weaving lesson from Takiy Unquy indigenous organization Reading: Arnold 2023	Cultural citizenship: Learn about this ancient Andean practice and understand its role in the generational teachings of grandparents, parents, and children. Discuss the role of traditional practices in generating a sense of belonging and representing a national identity. Talk about khipus as an ancient writing and recording system.
Afternoon	Bus tour to visit: Tarata, Punata and Arani (trip 6 hrs.)	Local guide provided; walking segments in each location.	The Bolivian heartland: Visiting medium-size towns in the Cochabamba region and learning about ways of life outside the urban

		Workshop on the process of making chicha	center prompts students to compare and contrast urban and rural experiences of citizenship and diversity. Discussion of the role of the "heartland" in national identity. Discuss the role of chicha in Bolivian national identity
Evening	Free evening; optional group dinner		
	Thursday May	28 th	
Morning	Breakfast at the hotel. Visit to the research and training center. Centro Interdisciplinario PROEIB Andes.	Charla: Projects and research with a cultural and linguistic focus. Students interview teachers and students.	Linguistic diversity and cultural citizenship: Learn about the training processes of indigenous researchers, people who work with languages, and community educational projects. Discuss historical exclusion of indigenous people from higher education spaces.
Afternoon	Traditional food preparation.	From Takiy Unquy indigenous organization. Students learn traditional food preparation (handson)	Cultural citizenship: Understand the historical and cultural significance of the methods, ingredients, and techniques used in preparing the food in a particular region or community. Discuss the role of "national cuisine" in developing a sense of citizenship or belonging.
Evening	Bus leaves to Potosi (overnight trip 10 hrs.)	Bus o avión ????	
	Friday May 29	9 th	
Morning	Check in at the hotel Rest after a long trip.	Reading: Sánchez-Lopez 2019	

Afternoon	Visit to the museum La Casa de la Moneda (National Treasury).	Guided tour provided at the museum.	Colonial histories and citizenship: Learn about the centrality of Potosí in colonial times due to its mineral wealth. Discuss the history of the Cerro Rico de Potosí and the role of indigenous people and ritual in mining. Discuss the environmental and health impacts of silver mining. Return to the theme of extractivism vs. conservation. Return to the theme of highland subsistence
Evening	Plática; check notebooks/assignments		
	Saturday May 3	BO th	
Morning	Bus trip to the Salar de Uyuni (trip 4 hrs.)		
Afternoon	Salar de Uyuni	Guided tour (all day)	Extractivism and citizenship: Learn about the geological processes that formed these landscapes and how the park's geology influences its ecosystem. Discuss extractivism and lithium mining within the borders of the park. Consider the role of natural resources in producing access to commodities like the lithium that is used to power batteries worldwide. Discuss the damage done to fragile landscapes due to races like Dakar.
Evening	Rest at the Salt Hotel; dinner at the same location Plática; check notebooks/assignments		Discussion question: What is the balance between development, human rights, and environmental sustainability in the mining and ecotourism industries? How do the

			concepts of citizenship, justice, and diversity inform this question?
	Sunday May 3	1 st	diversity inform this question.
Morning	Free morning		
Afternoon	Bus leaves to La Paz City- Trip to Copacabana and Lake Titicaca (Trip 10 hrs.)	Reading: Christie 2020	The Inca and the national imaginary: Discuss the role of the Inca in constructing a Bolivian national identity. Compare Aymara and Quechua ethnic groups and discuss long-term historical contact and intermarriage between these groups. Discuss cross-border (with Peru) contacts and cultural similarities.
Evening	Check in at the Hotel and rest. Optional group dinner.		
	Monday June	1 st	
Morning	Breakfast at the hotel Boat trip to the Islas Flotantes in Copacabana	Guided tour of the Islas Flotantes; hands-on workshop on making reed boats; <i>k'oa</i> ceremony	Sacred spaces: Return to the role of ritual in constructing group identity. Discuss the role of <i>purification</i> ceremonies in ironing out differences or arriving at consensus. Discuss indigenous heritage and Catholic-indigenous religious and cultural syncretism. Touch on the "vertical archipelago".
Afternoon	Copacabana	Self-guided tour, with prompts provided	
Evening	Plática; check notebooks/assignments		Discussion question: How do we balance belonging with difference, both within and between borders? How are processes of identity and differentiation important to the notion

			of citizenship? How do people "cross" multiple communities, such as Aymara/Quechua ethnolinguistic groups and Bolivian/Peruvian national identities?
	Tuesday June 2	2nd	
Morning	Free morning		
Afternoon	Trip back to La Paz City-Trip 6 hrs. Check in at the hotel		The capital city (or cities?): Discuss the unique governance model of Bolivia in which the judicial capital is located in Sucre and the administrative capital is located in La Paz. Discuss history of La Paz and the symbolic role of the capital in national identity. Discuss the twin cities of El Alto and La Paz, and the vibrant indigenous culture of both urban spaces
	Free evening; optional group dinner		
	Wednesday June	e 3rd	
Morning	Breakfast at the hotel Visit the Museo Nacional		
Afternoon	Mercado de las Brujas Group excursion on the teleférico – visit a street market	Group tour, discussion with sellers on the street Reading: Swinehart 2024	Witches and wishes: What does the Mercado de las Brujas tell us about the desires and beliefs that people feel? Which of these do you feel a connection to and which are new to you? How do imaginations of a better future affect notions of citizenship, justice, and diversity?

Evening	Plática; check notebooks/assignments		Discussion question: How do you imagine a better future? What kinds of wishes affect the way that you see citizenship for a just and diverse world? What kinds of sacrifices are you willing to make for this vision? What kinds of responsibilities to citizens have to contribute to justice their communities?
	Thursday June	4th	
Morning	Hotel conference space Wrap up session		
Afternoon	Share of experiences		

Syllabus statements:

Academic Misconduct

Academic integrity is essential to maintaining an environment that fosters excellence in teaching, research, and other educational and scholarly activities. Thus, The Ohio State University and the Committee on Academic Misconduct (COAM) expect that all students have read and understand the University's Code of Student Conduct, and that all students will complete all academic and scholarly assignments with fairness and honesty. Students must recognize that failure to follow the rules and guidelines established in the University's Code of Student Conduct and this syllabus may constitute Academic Misconduct.

The Ohio State University's Code of Student Conduct (Section 3335-23-04) defines academic misconduct as: Any activity that tends to compromise the academic integrity of the University or subvert the educational process. Examples of academic misconduct include (but are not limited to) plagiarism, collusion (unauthorized collaboration), copying the work of another student, and possession of unauthorized materials during an examination. Ignorance of the University's Code of Student Conduct is never considered an excuse for academic misconduct, so I recommend that you review the Code of Student Conduct and, specifically, the sections dealing with academic misconduct.

If I suspect that a student has committed academic misconduct in this course, I am obligated by University Rules to report my suspicions to the Committee on Academic Misconduct. If COAM determines that you have violated the University's Code of Student Conduct (i.e., committed academic misconduct), the sanctions for the misconduct could include a failing grade in this course and suspension or dismissal from the University.

If you have any questions about the above policy or what constitutes academic misconduct in this course, please contact me.

Artificial Intelligence and Academic Integrity

There has been a significant increase in the popularity and availability of a variety of generative artificial intelligence (AI) tools, including ChatGPT, Sudowrite and others. These tools will help shape the future of work, research and technology but when used in the wrong way, they can stand in conflict with academic integrity at Ohio State.

All students have important obligations under the <u>Code of Student Conduct</u> to complete all academic and scholarly activities with fairness and honesty. Our professional students also have the responsibility to uphold the professional and ethical standards found in their respective academic honor codes. Specifically, students are not to use unauthorized assistance in the laboratory, on field work, in scholarship or on a course assignment unless such assistance has been authorized specifically by the course instructor. In addition, students are not to submit their work without acknowledging any word-for-word use and/or paraphrasing of writing, ideas or other work that is not your own. These requirements apply to all students undergraduate, graduate, and professional.

To maintain a culture of integrity and respect, these generative AI tools should not be used in the completion of course assignments unless an instructor for a given course specifically authorizes their use. Some instructors may approve of using generative AI tools in the academic setting for specific goals. However, these tools should be used only with the explicit and clear permission of each individual instructor, and then only in the ways allowed by the instructor.

RESOURCES FROM THE DRAKE INSTITUTE FOR TEACHING AND LEARNING

RESOURCES FROM THE TEACHING AND LEARNING RESOURCE CENTER

COMMITTEE ON ACADEMIC MISCONDUCT (COAM)

Content Warning Language

Some content in this course may involve media that may elicit a traumatic response in some students due to descriptions of and/or scenes depicting acts of violence, acts of war, or sexual violence and its aftermath. If needed, please take care of yourself while watching/reading this material (leaving classroom to take a water/bathroom break, debriefing with a friend, contacting a confidential Sexual Violence Advocate 614-267-7020, or Counseling and Consultation Services at 614-292-5766 and contacting the instructor if needed). Expectations are that we all will be respectful of our classmates while consuming this media and that we will create a safe space for each other. Failure to show respect to each other may result in dismissal from the class.

Copyright

The materials used in connection with this course may be subject to copyright protection and are only for the use of students officially enrolled in the course for the educational purposes associated with the course. Copyright law must be considered before copying, retaining, or disseminating materials outside of the course.

Counseling and Consultation Services / Mental Health Statement

As a student you may experience a range of issues that can cause barriers to learning, such as strained relationships, increased anxiety, alcohol/drug problems, feeling down, difficulty concentrating and/or lack of motivation. These mental health concerns or stressful events may lead to diminished academic performance or reduce a student's ability to participate in daily activities. The Ohio State University offers services to assist you with addressing these and other concerns you may be experiencing.

If you or someone you know are suffering from any of the aforementioned conditions, you can learn more about the broad range of confidential mental health services available on campus via the Office of Student Life's Counseling and Consultation Service (CCS) by visiting ccs.osu.edu or calling 614-292-5766. CCS is located on the 4th floor of the Younkin Success Center and 10th floor of Lincoln Tower. You can reach an on-call counselor when CCS is closed at 614-292-5766 and 24-hour emergency help is also available through the 24/7 by dialing 988 to reach the Suicide and Crisis Lifeline.

Creating an Environment Free from Harassment, Discrimination, and Sexual Misconduct

The Ohio State University is committed to building and maintaining a community to reflect diversity and to improve opportunities for all. All Buckeyes have the right to be free from harassment, discrimination, and sexual misconduct. Ohio State does not discriminate on the basis of age, ancestry, color, disability, ethnicity, gender, gender identity or expression, genetic information, HIV/AIDS status, military status, national origin, pregnancy (childbirth, false pregnancy, termination of pregnancy, or recovery therefrom), race, religion, sex, sexual orientation, or protected veteran status, or any other bases under the law, in its activities, academic programs, admission, and employment. Members of the university community also have the right to be free from all forms of sexual misconduct: sexual harassment, sexual assault, relationship violence, stalking, and sexual exploitation.

To report harassment, discrimination, sexual misconduct, or retaliation and/or seek confidential and non-confidential resources and supportive measures, contact the Office of Institutional Equity:

Online reporting form at equity.osu.edu,

Call 614-247-5838 or TTY 614-688-8605,

Or Email equity@osu.edu

The university is committed to stopping sexual misconduct, preventing its recurrence, eliminating any hostile environment, and remedying its discriminatory effects. All university employees have reporting responsibilities to the Office of Institutional Equity to ensure the university can take appropriate action:

- All university employees, except those exempted by legal privilege of confidentiality or expressly identified as a confidential reporter, have an obligation to report incidents of sexual assault immediately.
- The following employees have an obligation to report all other forms of sexual misconduct as soon as practicable but at most within five workdays of becoming aware of such information: 1. Any human resource professional (HRP); 2. Anyone who supervises faculty, staff, students, or volunteers; 3. Chair/director; and 4. Faculty member.

Disability Statement (with Accommodations for Illness)

The university strives to maintain a healthy and accessible environment to support student learning in and out of the classroom. If you anticipate or experience academic barriers based on your disability (including mental health, chronic, or temporary medical conditions), please let me know immediately so that we can privately discuss options. To establish reasonable accommodations, I may request that you register with Student Life Disability Services. After registration, make arrangements with me as soon as possible to discuss your accommodations so that they may be implemented in a timely fashion.

If you are ill and need to miss class, including if you are staying home and away from others while experiencing symptoms of viral infection or fever, please let me know immediately. In cases where illness interacts with an underlying medical condition, please consult with Student Life Disability Services to request reasonable accommodations. You can connect with them at slds@osu.edu; 614-292-3307; or slds.osu.edu.

Diversity Statement

The Ohio State University affirms the importance and value of diversity of people and ideas. We believe in creating equitable research opportunities for all students and to providing programs and curricula that allow our students to understand critical societal challenges from diverse perspectives and aspire to use research to promote sustainable solutions for all. We are committed to maintaining an inclusive community that recognizes and values the inherent worth and dignity of every person; fosters sensitivity, understanding, and mutual respect among all members; and encourages each individual to strive to reach their own potential. The Ohio State University does not discriminate on the basis of age, ancestry, color, disability, gender identity or expression, genetic information, HIV/AIDS status, military status, national origin, race, religion, sex, gender, sexual orientation, pregnancy, protected veteran status, or any other bases under the law, in its activities, academic programs, admission, and employment.

To learn more about diversity, equity, and inclusion and for opportunities to get involved, please visit:

https://odi.osu.edu/

https://cbsc.osu.edu

Grievances and Solving Problems

A student who encounters a problem related to his/her educational program has a variety of avenues available to seek resolution. (Note: the procedures for grade grievances are explicitly covered in the faculty rules) Typically, a student is advised to resolve any dispute, disagreement, or grievance as directly as possible, engaging with the person or persons most closely involved. The faculty and staff of the departments and colleges are available to work with students in this regard. If this step does not produce acceptable results, the student should follow a logical stepwise progression to address the academic concerns.

According to University Policies, if you have a problem with this class, you should seek to resolve the grievance concerning a grade or academic practice by speaking first with the instructor or professor. Then, if necessary, take your case to the department chairperson, college dean or associate dean, and to the provost, in that order. Specific procedures are outlined in Faculty Rule 3335-8-23. Grievances against graduate, research, and teaching assistants should be submitted first to the supervising instructor, then to the chairperson of the assistant's department.

Lyft Ride Smart (Previously Safe Ride Program)

Lyft Ride at Ohio State offers eligible students discounted rides, inside the university-designated service area (opens in new window) and has expanded service to the Short North area along High Street. Service runs from 7 p.m. to 7 a.m. Prices may be impacted by distance, traffic, time of day, special events and prime time surcharges. More information about the service and the Lyft App, and a link to get started using the Lyft Ride Smart services can be found at: https://ttm.osu.edu/ride-smart.

Religious Accommodations

Ohio State has had a longstanding practice of making reasonable academic accommodations for students' religious beliefs and practices in accordance with applicable law. In 2023, Ohio State updated its practice to align with new

state legislation. Under this new provision, students must be in early communication with their instructors regarding any known accommodation requests for religious beliefs and practices, providing notice of specific dates for which they request alternative accommodations within 14 days after the first instructional day of the course. Instructors in turn shall not question the sincerity of a student's religious or spiritual belief system in reviewing such requests and shall keep requests for accommodations confidential.

With sufficient notice, instructors will provide students with reasonable alternative accommodations with regard to examinations and other academic requirements with respect to students' sincerely held religious beliefs and practices by allowing up to three absences each semester for the student to attend or participate in religious activities. Examples of religious accommodations can include, but are not limited to, rescheduling an exam, altering the time of a student's presentation, allowing make-up assignments to substitute for missed class work, or flexibility in due dates or research responsibilities. If concerns arise about a requested accommodation, instructors are to consult their tenure initiating unit head for assistance.

A student's request for time off shall be provided if the student's sincerely held religious belief or practice severely affects the student's ability to take an exam or meet an academic requirement **and** the student has notified their instructor, in writing during the first 14 days after the course begins, of the date of each absence. Although students are required to provide notice within the first 14 days after a course begins, instructors are strongly encouraged to work with the student to provide a reasonable accommodation if a request is made outside the notice period. A student may not be penalized for an absence approved under this policy.

If students have questions or disputes related to academic accommodations, they should contact their course instructor, and then their department or college office. For questions or to report discrimination or harassment based on religion, individuals should contact the <u>Office of Institutional Equity</u>.

Policy: Religious Holidays, Holy Days and Observances

Rationale for 4 credit (high impact) course designation – SPAN 3798.11 Global May Bolivia

- (1) Prerequisite students must have completed a Foundations course in one of the following areas:
 - a. Literary, Visual and Performing Arts OR
 - b. Historical and Cultural Studies OR
 - c. Race, Ethnicity and Gender Diversity
- (2) Contact hours rationale
 - Direct contact hours (including both instructor-led and local guides/experts):
 160 total ~ 46 per week
 - Independent exploration hours: 58 hours total ~ 17 per week
 - Homework/study hours (during travel, evenings): 70 hours total ~ 20 per week
 - This is well in excess of the required 25 contact hours per credit / 100 contact hours for a 4-credit Education Abroad course (see https://oia.osu.edu/global-education/planning-program/credit-allocation-guidelines)
 - This course is considered analogous to "laboratory or studio courses in which 'instruction is supplemented by out-of-class assignments which would normally average one hour of out-of-class study preparing for or following-up the [laboratory or studio] experience, then one hour of credit shall be awarded for a total of 1,500 minutes [or 25 hours]" (see https://asccas.osu.edu/submission/development/submission-policies/credit-allocation-guidelines-education-abroad-programs)

Students will be in-country for the entire duration of the May term, departing May 11th 2026 and returning June 4th 2026. Please see summary below and detailed breakdown on the attached document.

Summary of contact hours

Date	Direct contact hours	Independent exploration	Homework/study
Totals	160	58	70
Per week (/3.5)	45.7	16.6	20
Day 1 – May 11	4	4	4
Day 2 – May 12	6	4	2
Day 3 – May 13	8	2	2
Day 4 – May 14	10	0	2
Day 5 – May 15	4	4	4

Day 6 – May 16	10	0	2
Day 7 – May 17	2	6	4
Day 8 – May 18	10	0	2
Day 9 – May 19	4	2	6
Day 10 – May 20	4	4	4
Day 11 – May 21	2	2	2
Day 12 – May 22	10	0	2
Day 13 – May 23	4	4	4
Day 14 – May 24	6	2	4
Day 15 – May 25	8	2	2
Day 16 – May 26	8	2	2
Day 17 – May 27	8	2	2
Day 18 – May 28	8	0	4
Day 19 – May 29	4	0	2
Day 20 – May 30	6	2	2
Day 21 – May 31	8	2	2
Day 22 – June 1	6	4	2
Day 23 – June 2	6	6	2
Day 24 – June 3	10	0	2
Day 25 – June 4	4	4	4
Totals	160	58	70
Per week (/3.5)	45.7	16.6	20

Syllabus: Spanish 3798.11 (May 2026) Global May Bolivia

Professors Anna Babel (.6) and Elvia Andia Grageda (.1) Department of Spanish & Portuguese 614 292 4958

Cell numbers: XXXXX and XXXXXX

Office hours: By appointment

This interdisciplinary course introduces students to citizenship through the history, politics, cultures, and identities of Bolivia. It explores three geographical regions (the *Altiplano* or highlands; the valleys, and the tropical lowlands) and the groups of people who live there; the different political and cultural currents within the country and its diverse regions; and examples of contemporary indigenous activism, languages, and movements. Students will engage in handson, experiential learning and assemble an experiential learning portfolio over the course of this trip. Among other topics, students will explore the politics of citizenship in Bolivia; the diverse ethnic and cultural groups in the country; and efforts towards environmental and social justice. In the process, students will be encouraged to think critically about their new surroundings and to reflect on what Bolivian approaches to citizenship, justice, and diversity can teach them about the United States and our traditions around these concepts.

Sample Schedule

May 11th to June 4th, 2026

Day	Date	Description	Notes	Contact hours/time invested
	Fly to Bolivia from Columbus,			
	arrive Santa	Cruz early		
	Monday mor	<mark>ning</mark>		
		Monday May	l 1th	
Morning	Pickup at air	port (VVI)		4 hours homework/study hours during travel
Afternoon	Welcome Lu	nch and Health &	This is a well-known nature refuge	Entering the study abroad context:
	Safety Orien	tation meeting at	and sanctuary with a focus on native	Discussion of the connections between
	Güembé Avi	ario, Mariposario,	birds, butterflies, and insects	the natural and human world and the
	and resort (L	ocation: Km. 5		role of nature in law and citizenship in
	road to Poron	ngo, Zona Urubó	Reading: Babel 2018	the Bolivian context.
	Santa Cruz d	e la Sierra –		
	Bolivia)			4 hours direct contact hours
Evening	Free evening	; optional group		First impressions of Bolivia from the
	dinner			students
				4 hours independent exploration hours
		Tuesday May	12th	
Morning	Class meetin	g (2 hrs) –	Self-guided tour of the sanctuary,	Justice and stewardship: Learning
		biodiversity and	following prepared prompts	about principles of balance and
	the role of ed	otourism in the		conservation and the links between
	Bolivian eco	nomy		stewardship and environmental justice
				4 hours independent exploration hours

Afternoon	Guided walking tour of Güembé with local staff/guides	Activity: Environmental education and protection of species of the Bolivian Amazon.	Morality and spirituality: Discussing the role of culture, religion, and spirituality in developing moral stances towards a human-environment responsibilities and interactions 4 hours direct contact hours
Evening	Plática; check notebooks/assignments		Discussion question: What principles do our concepts of citizenship, justice, and diversity rest on? 2 hours direct contact 2 hours homework/study
	Wednesday May	13th	
Morning	Class meeting (2 hrs) – to learn about the IPELC (Instituto Plurinacional de Estudio de Lenguas y Culturas de Bolivia), which we will visit in the afternoon. Discussion and question period with professors	Activity: Create a short list of questions for the afternoon presentation. Reading: Gustafson 2020	Pluriethnic, plurilingual citizenship: Efforts to integrate a plurilingual, pluriethnic society into structures of citizenship such as education. Discussions of pluralism vs. multiculturalism. Deeper understanding of the culture tied to the language, including customs, traditions, and social norms. 4 hours direct contact
Afternoon	Visit to IPELC - Instituto Plurinacional de Estudio de Lenguas y Culturas de Bolivia	Topic: The relevance of the establishment of national enclaves to protect indigenous language and cultures.	Linguistic justice: Learn from language activists and speakers of indigenous languages about their efforts to preserve and make space for their languages to flourish 4 hours direct contact

Evening	Free evening; optional group		2 hours independent exploration
	dinner dinner		2 hours homework/study
	Thursday May	l4th	
Morning	Class meeting (2 hrs) – to learn about UNICEF Bolivia, which we will visit in the afternoon. Discussion and question period with professors	Activity: Create a short list of questions for the presentation.	Global citizenship: Learn about UNICEF and its programs benefiting children in need. 4 hours direct contact (morning)
Afternoon	Visit to UNICEF Bolivia.	Activity: UNICEF's participation in curriculum design to ensure respect for children and indigenous peoples of Bolivia.	How are governmental and non-governmental organizations connected beyond the structure of the nation-state? 4 hours direct contact (afternoon)
Evening	Plática; check notebooks/assignments		Discussion question: What kinds of institutional structures support citizenship and advocacy for human rights and linguistic and cultural justice? How do the institutions we have observed approach this responsibility? 2 hours direct contact 2 hours homework/study
	Friday May 15	·	
Morning	Bus leaves from Santa Cruz de la Sierra to Bella Vista meeting point (trip 5 hrs)	Reading: Sturtevant 2021	Development and industry: Discuss the massive growth of the city of Santa Cruz and its impact on local communities and the national

Afternoon	Hotel check in Bella Vista	Guided walking tour of Bella Vista.	economy, as well as the role of rural- urban migration in this expansion 4 hours homework/study time during travel 2 hours direct contact — professor- guided discussion Public lands and biodiversity: Learn about the importance of sustainable tourism and eco-friendly practices and how the park manages its resources, wildlife, and environmental impact. Return to discussions of environmental stewardship and human-environment interactions 2 hours direct contact (walking tour) 2 hours independent exploration
Evening	Free evening: dinner recommendations provided		2 hours independent exploration
	Saturday May	16th	
Morning	Breakfast at the hotel Getting ready for the hiking trip.		National protected spaces and memorials: Discussion of Dr. Noel Kempff Mercado, the establishment of the park, and the importance of activism for human and environmental justice. Discussion of the role of

			citizenship and justice in protecting biodiverse spaces. 2 hours direct contact (professorguided discussion)
Afternoon	Visit and excursion to Parque Nacional Noel Kempff Mercado.	Guided by a local tourist guide. Hiking guide provided by the park	World heritage and ecotourism: Discussion of the economic and ecological history and present of this vast natural space, and ongoing efforts to maintain this area as a natural preserve. Learn about local communities that contribute to the management of the park and the role of flora and fauna in cultural practices. 6 hours direct contact (tour of park)
Evening	Plática; check notebooks/assignments		Discussion question: How can we understand the interrelationship of plants, animals, and humans in protected spaces? How do western/colonial notions of citizenship compare to indigenous conceptions of land/scapes, spirituality, responsibilities between humans/nature/the divine, and traditional lifeways? 2 hours direct contact

			2 hours homework/study
	Sunday May 1'	7th	
Morning	Breakfast at the hotel Bus leaves from Bella Vista to Chimoré (trip 4 hrs)	Reading: Shakow 2014	Biodiversity and ecological management: Discussion of the importance of (eco)tourism to the economy of Bolivia and the interconnections between international travelers, diverse species, environmental protections, and local economies. Discuss extractivist versus conservationist approaches to natural resources. 2 hours homework/study during travel 2 hours direct contact (professor-led discussion)
Afternoon	Walking tour of the town of Chimoré	Self-guided tour, with prompts provided	Cultural and historical models of citizenship: Learn about the historical and cultural elements of the area's indigenous communities, local landmarks, and the development of systems of governmental participation based on pre- and post-colonial models of citizenship 4 hours independent exploration
Evening	Free evening; optional group dinner		2 hours independent exploration 2 hours homework/study
	Monday May 1	8th	2 Hours Homework/Study

Morning	Walking tour to get to know the Universidad Indígena Boliviana Quechua Casimiro Huanca.	Guided by university student(s); conversations among students from Bolivia and the US	Self-governance and universities: Learn about the creation of the indigenous universities and their unique characteristics. Recognition of
Afternoon	Second part of the visit to Universidad Indígena Boliviana Quechua Casimiro Huanca. Lunch with students and professors.	Colloquium at the University: Access to higher education for indigenous peoples. Students ask questions and engage with speakers one-on-one	the institution as a response to the social need for higher education spaces for indigenous peoples. 4 hours direct contact (morning – with professors) 4 hours direct contact (afternoon – visit to university)
Evening	Plática; check notebooks/assignments		Discussion question: What contrasts to you see between models of governance at the community and institutional level compared to the structures that you are familiar with in the US or elsewhere? What is the role of equal access to education in developing a sense of citizenship? How can universities and other cultural institutions best encourage participation in the practices of citizenship? 2 hours direct contact 2 hours homework/study
	Tuesday May 1		
Morning	Breakfast on their own	Reading: Pearson 2020	Rural and urban citizenship: Learn about small communities, particularly

	Bus leaves from Chimoré to Shinahota (trip 1 hr) Check-in at the hotel		those in rural or isolated areas, that face unique challenges. Visiting these places can highlight issues like access to resources, economic development,
Afternoon	Shinahota	Guided tour of Shinahota	or environmental concerns.
		Discussion of the coca industry, coca policy, and Bolivia-US relations around coca/cocaine	Discussion of the role of US policy in Bolivian legal and extra-legal coca production – again touching on issues of economy, morals, responsibility, and (global) citizenship 4 hours study/homework (travel, free
			morning)
			2 hours direct contact (professors)
			2 hours direct contact (guided tour)
Evening	Free evening; optional group dinner		2 hours independent exploration
			2 hours study/homework
	Wednesday May	y 20th	
Morning	Breakfast at the hotel		2 hours independent exploration
			2 hours study/homework
Afternoon	Visit to the municipality's	Discussion with tourism	Constructing national and local
	tourism project to strengthen	professionals; interviews and	identities: learn about the rich cultural
	the art of sculptors and art	questions from students	traditions, stories, myths, and local
	students of Bolivia.		legends that contribute to the
	D' K D (d)	Self-guided tour, with prompts	construction of the collective memory
	Din Kong Resort theme park.	provided	and identities of the region's residents.

			Discuss the role of verbal and visual art in constructing common identities. 2 hours direct contact (tourism professionals) 2 hours independent exploration
Evening	Plática; check notebooks/assignments		Discussion question: How do people develop a sense of citizenship? What kinds of issues can impede or encourage people to identify as citizens? Are there different kinds of citizenship? 2 hours direct contact 2 hours homework/study
	Thursday May 21st	– half dav	2 Hours home work study
Morning	Check out from the hotel. Bus leaves from Chimoré to Villa Tunari (trip 3 hrs)	Reading: Bjork-James 2020	2 hours homework/study
Afternoon	Check in at the Hotel Chimoré	Self-guided walking tour, with prompts provided	Struggles over citizenship: Discuss Bolivian political participation and regional identification. Discuss the "medialuna" and the autonomy movement versus Evo Morales's MAS government and the "cocaleros" 2 hours direct contact 2 hours independent exploration

Morning Visit to the Machia Ecotourism Park. Afternoon Visit to the La Jungla Ecotourism Park. Excursions in small groups Excursions in small groups Ecotourism Park. Excursions in small groups	Evening	Free evening; optional group dinner		< <free time="">></free>
Afternoon Visit to the La Jungla Ecotourism Park. Visit to the La Jungla Ecotourism Park. Excursions in small groups Excursions in putting pressure on the elected government. Introduce the role of unions (sindicatos) in putting pressure on the elected government? Excursions excursions excursions excursions excursions excursions excursions in putting pressure on the elected government? Excursions excursions excursions excursions excursions excursions excursions in putting pressure on the elected government? Excursions excurs		Friday May 22	nd	
Ecotourism Park. Economics (sindicatos) Discussion of the of unions (sindicatos) in putting pressure of the elected government; Ecotourism Park. Ecotouri	Morning		Excursions in small groups	
Evening Dinner at a local restaurant: Restaurante turistico San Silvestre Plática; check notebooks/assignments Discussion question: What is the role of protest and civil disobedience in citizenship? What kinds of community justice were called into effect through the protests in the Chapare? What is the role of organizations such as unions in putting pressure on the elected government? 2 hours direct contact 2 hours homework/study	Afternoon		Excursions in small groups	the government over the Ley 1008 (prohibiting coca growing in the Chapare region). Discuss the participation of the DEA and the role of unions (<i>sindicatos</i>) in putting pressure on the government. Introduce the role of blockades as resistance due to Bolivia's mountainous geography and few roads 4 hours direct contact (morning)
	Evening	Restaurante turistico San Silvestre Plática; check		of protest and civil disobedience in citizenship? What kinds of community justice were called into effect through the protests in the Chapare? What is the role of organizations such as unions in putting pressure on the elected government? 2 hours direct contact
			2. 1	Z hours homework/study

Morning	Breakfast on their own	Self-guided tour, with prompts provided	2 hours independent exploration2 hours homework/study
Afternoon	Visit to Carrasco Park: High-Andean biodiversity.	Guided walking tour	Cooperation and solidarity in citizenship and environmental justice: Visit the park; learn about inter-indigenous and international cooperation at Inti Wara Yassi. Learn about animal behavior & conservation efforts, and understood the significance of protecting endangered species to Bolivian national identity 4 hours direct contact
Evening	Bus leaves from Villa Tunari to Cochabamba (trip 4 hrs.)		2 hours homework/study (during travel)
	Check in at the Hotel; optional group dinner		2 hours independent exploration
	Sunday May 24	4rd	
Morning	Hotel Regina Resort & Conventions Tiquipaya (Buffet breakfast, lunch, and dinner included)	Reading: Goldstein 2012	2 hours homework/study2 hours independent exploration
Afternoon	Trip in the tour bus to get to know Cochabamba	Bus guide provided; students take notes and ask questions; walking segments (e.g. La Cancha market)	The Water Wars: As we learn more about the monuments and districts of central Cochabamba, discuss the inequities and injustices that led to the <i>Guerra del Agua</i> due to privatization of government resources. Discuss the role of indigenous women in resisting

			government – touch on <i>Las Heroinas</i> (history of women revolutionaries).
			4 hours direct contact
Evening	Plática; check notebooks/assignments		Discussion question: How do people of different genders have different experiences of citizenship? What kinds of agency do people exercise when they feel that their rights are threatened? What do processes of reconciliation or peace-making look like? 2 hours direct contact 2 hours homework/study
	Monday May 2	25 th	_ 10 ms 110 ms 110 ms,
Morning	Guided walking tour to Parque Tunari		Highland subsistence: Discuss scarcity and the role of community in subsisting at high elevations. Learn about typical highland crops – quinoa, habas, chuño, trigo, and sheep and goat herding. Discuss "asentamientos" at the border of the park and debates over private vs. public usage of the land. 4 hours direct contact
Afternoon	Guided tour to the Teleferico- Cristo de la Concordia	Walking tour	Embodied ritual: Discussion of the ritual power of embodied movement and pilgrimage traditions, as well as

Evening	Free evening; optional group dinner	A th	the role of Catholicism in Bolivian national identity 4 hours direct contact 2 hours independent exploration 2 hours homework/study
Morning	Breakfast at the hotel. Visit to La Universidad Mayor de San Simón. Department of Applied Linguistics to Language Teaching	Conversation with the director of the department of linguistics; students prepare questions for director and students	Linguistic diversity and cultural citizenship: Bolivia is a multilingual country, and language teaching and learning programs include more than 30 languages. Participants can learn about the training processes of professionals who specialize in teaching these languages, and how children are socialized into national and identities through the use of indigenous languages
Afternoon	Bus leaves from the hotel to visit to the Liriuni hot springs (1 hour).	Immersion in the hot springs	Economy and tourism: Learn about community-based tourism and understand its benefits and challenges. Compare natural and human resources available in the Cochabamba area with the natural and human resources we saw in Santa Cruz, and discuss the diverse ways that different communities have of caring for and exploiting those resources.

			2 hours direct contact2 hours independent exploration
Evening	Plática; check notebooks/assignments		Discussion question: Now that we've been in Bolivia for a little over 2 weeks, let's look back at our initial journal entries and impressions. What have you learned, and what has been most impactful for you?
			2 hours direct contact
			2 hours homework/study
	Wednesday May	27 th	
Morning	Weaving session from an indigenous Quechua woman	Hands-on weaving lesson from Takiy Unquy indigenous organization Reading: Arnold 2023	Cultural citizenship: Learn about this ancient Andean practice and understand its role in the generational teachings of grandparents, parents, and children. Discuss the role of traditional practices in generating a sense of belonging and representing a national identity. Talk about khipus as an ancient writing and recording system. 4 hours direct contact
Afternoon	Bus tour to visit: Tarata, Punata and Arani (trip 6 hrs.)	Local guide provided; walking segments in each location. Workshop on the process of making chicha	The Bolivian heartland: Visiting medium-size towns in the Cochabamba region and learning about ways of life outside the urban center prompts students to compare and contrast urban and rural experiences of citizenship and

Evening	Free evening; optional group		diversity. Discussion of the role of the "heartland" in national identity. Discuss the role of chicha in Bolivian national identity 4 hours direct contact 2 hours independent exploration
	dinner		2 hours homework/study
	Thursday May	28 th	,
Morning	Breakfast at the hotel. Visit to the research and training center. Centro Interdisciplinario PROEIB Andes.	Charla: Projects and research with a cultural and linguistic focus. Students interview teachers and students.	Linguistic diversity and cultural citizenship: Learn about the training processes of indigenous researchers, people who work with languages, and community educational projects. Discuss historical exclusion of indigenous people from higher education spaces. 2 hours direct contact (professors)
Afternoon	Traditional food preparation.	From Takiy Unquy indigenous organization. Students learn traditional food preparation (handson)	Cultural citizenship: Understand the historical and cultural significance of the methods, ingredients, and techniques used in preparing the food in a particular region or community. Discuss the role of "national cuisine" in developing a sense of citizenship or belonging. 4 hours direct contact

Evening	Bus leaves to Potosi (overnight	Bus o avión ????	4 hours homework/study (during
	trip 10 hrs.)		travel)
Friday May 29 th – half day			
Morning	Check in at the hotel Rest after a long trip.	Reading: Sánchez-Lopez 2019	
Afternoon	Visit to the museum La Casa de la Moneda (National Treasury).	Guided tour provided at the museum.	Colonial histories and citizenship: Learn about the centrality of Potosí in colonial times due to its mineral wealth. Discuss the history of the Cerro Rico de Potosí and the role of indigenous people and ritual in mining. Discuss the environmental and health impacts of silver mining. Return to the theme of extractivism vs. conservation. Return to the theme of highland subsistence
Evening	Plática; check notebooks/assignments		2 hours direct contact 2 hours homework/study
	Saturday May 3	$30^{ m th}$	
Morning	Bus trip to the Salar de Uyuni (trip 4 hrs.)		2 hours homework/study (during travel)
Afternoon	Salar de Uyuni	Guided tour (all day)	Extractivism and citizenship: Learn about the geological processes that formed these landscapes and how the park's geology influences its ecosystem. Discuss extractivism and lithium mining within the borders of the park. Consider the role of natural resources in producing access to commodities like the lithium that is

Evening	Rest at the Salt Hotel; dinner at the same location		used to power batteries worldwide. Discuss the damage done to fragile landscapes due to races like Dakar. 6 hours direct contact Discussion question: What is the balance between development, human
	Plática; check notebooks/assignments		rights, and environmental sustainability in the mining and (eco)tourism industries? How do the concepts of citizenship, justice, and diversity inform this question? 2 hours direct contact
			2 hours independent exploration
7.6	Sunday May 3	1 81	
Morning	Free morning		2 hours independent exploration
Afternoon	Bus leaves to La Paz City- Trip to Copacabana and Lake Titicaca (Trip 10 hrs.)	Reading: Christie 2020	The Inca and the national imaginary: Discuss the role of the Inca in constructing a Bolivian national identity. Compare Aymara and Quechua ethnic groups and discuss long-term historical contact and intermarriage between these groups. Discuss cross-border (with Peru) contacts and cultural similarities. 8 hours direct contact (guides, professor)
Evening	Check in at the Hotel and rest. Optional group dinner.		2 hours study/homework

Monday June 1st			
Morning	Breakfast at the hotel Boat trip to the Islas Flotantes in Copacabana	Guided tour of the Islas Flotantes; hands-on workshop on making reed boats; <i>k'oa</i> ceremony	Sacred spaces: Return to the role of ritual in constructing group identity. Discuss the role of <i>purification</i> ceremonies in ironing out differences or arriving at consensus. Discuss indigenous heritage and Catholic-indigenous religious and cultural syncretism. Touch on the "vertical archipelago".
Afternoon	Copacabana	Self-guided tour, with prompts	4 hours direct contact 4 hours independent exploration
Evening	Plática; check notebooks/assignments	provided	Discussion question: How do we balance belonging with difference, both within and between borders? How are processes of identity and differentiation important to the notion of citizenship? How do people "cross" multiple communities, such as Aymara/Quechua ethnolinguistic groups and Bolivian/Peruvian national identities? 2 hours direct contact 2 hours homework/study
	Tuesday June	2nd	,
Morning	Free morning		4 hours independent exploration
Afternoon	Trip back to La Paz City-Trip 6 hrs.		The capital city (or cities?): Discuss the unique governance model of Bolivia in which the judicial capital is

			located in Sucre and the administrative capital is located in La Paz. Discuss history of La Paz and the symbolic role of the capital in national identity. Discuss the twin cities of El Alto and La Paz, and the vibrant indigenous culture of both urban spaces 4 hours direct contact 2 hours homework/study
Evening	Check in at the hotel Free evening; optional group dinner		2 hours independent exploration
	Wednesday June	e 3rd	
Morning	Breakfast at the hotel Visit the Museo Nacional		4 hours direct contact
Afternoon	Mercado de las Brujas Group excursion on the teleférico – visit a street market	Group tour, discussion with sellers on the street Reading: Swinehart 2024	Witches and wishes: What does the Mercado de las Brujas tell us about the desires and beliefs that people feel? Which of these do you feel a connection to and which are new to you? How do imaginations of a better future affect notions of citizenship, justice, and diversity? 4 hours direct contact
Evening	Plática; check notebooks/assignments		Discussion question: How do you imagine a better future? What kinds of wishes affect the way that you see citizenship for a just and diverse world? What kinds of sacrifices are

			you willing to make for this vision? What kinds of responsibilities to citizens have to contribute to justice in their communities?
			2 hours direct contact
			2 hours homework/study
Thursday June 4th			
Morning	Hotel conference space		2 hours direct contact
	Wrap up session		2 hours homework/study
Afternoon	Share of experiences		2 hours direct contact
			2 hours homework/study
			Any remaining time → independent
			exploration

Syllabus statements:

Academic Misconduct

Academic integrity is essential to maintaining an environment that fosters excellence in teaching, research, and other educational and scholarly activities. Thus, The Ohio State University and the Committee on Academic Misconduct (COAM) expect that all students have read and understand the University's Code of Student Conduct, and that all students will complete all academic and scholarly assignments with fairness and honesty. Students must recognize that failure to follow the rules and guidelines established in the University's Code of Student Conduct and this syllabus may constitute Academic Misconduct.

The Ohio State University's Code of Student Conduct (Section 3335-23-04) defines academic misconduct as: Any activity that tends to compromise the academic integrity of the University or subvert the educational process. Examples of academic misconduct include (but are not limited to) plagiarism, collusion (unauthorized collaboration), copying the work of another student, and possession of unauthorized materials during an examination. Ignorance of the University's Code of Student Conduct is never considered an excuse for academic misconduct, so I recommend that you review the Code of Student Conduct and, specifically, the sections dealing with academic misconduct.

If I suspect that a student has committed academic misconduct in this course, I am obligated by University Rules to report my suspicions to the Committee on Academic Misconduct. If COAM determines that you have violated the University's Code of Student Conduct (i.e., committed academic misconduct), the sanctions for the misconduct could include a failing grade in this course and suspension or dismissal from the University.

If you have any questions about the above policy or what constitutes academic misconduct in this course, please contact me.

Artificial Intelligence and Academic Integrity

There has been a significant increase in the popularity and availability of a variety of generative artificial intelligence (AI) tools, including ChatGPT, Sudowrite and others. These tools will help shape the future of work, research and technology but when used in the wrong way, they can stand in conflict with academic integrity at Ohio State.

All students have important obligations under the <u>Code of Student Conduct</u> to complete all academic and scholarly activities with fairness and honesty. Our professional students also have the responsibility to uphold the professional and ethical standards found in their respective academic honor codes. Specifically, students are not to use unauthorized assistance in the laboratory, on field work, in scholarship or on a course assignment unless such assistance has been authorized specifically by the course instructor. In addition, students are not to submit their work without acknowledging any word-for-word use and/or paraphrasing of writing, ideas or other work that is not your own. These requirements apply to all students undergraduate, graduate, and professional.

To maintain a culture of integrity and respect, these generative AI tools should not be used in the completion of course assignments unless an instructor for a given course specifically authorizes their use. Some instructors may approve of using generative AI tools in the academic setting for specific goals. However, these tools should be used only with the explicit and clear permission of each individual instructor, and then only in the ways allowed by the instructor.

RESOURCES FROM THE DRAKE INSTITUTE FOR TEACHING AND LEARNING

RESOURCES FROM THE TEACHING AND LEARNING RESOURCE CENTER

COMMITTEE ON ACADEMIC MISCONDUCT (COAM)

Content Warning Language

Some content in this course may involve media that may elicit a traumatic response in some students due to descriptions of and/or scenes depicting acts of violence, acts of war, or sexual violence and its aftermath. If needed, please take care of yourself while watching/reading this material (leaving classroom to take a water/bathroom break, debriefing with a friend, contacting a confidential Sexual Violence Advocate 614-267-7020, or Counseling and Consultation Services at 614-292-5766 and contacting the instructor if needed). Expectations are that we all will be respectful of our classmates while consuming this media and that we will create a safe space for each other. Failure to show respect to each other may result in dismissal from the class.

Copyright

The materials used in connection with this course may be subject to copyright protection and are only for the use of students officially enrolled in the course for the educational purposes associated with the course. Copyright law must be considered before copying, retaining, or disseminating materials outside of the course.

Counseling and Consultation Services / Mental Health Statement

As a student you may experience a range of issues that can cause barriers to learning, such as strained relationships, increased anxiety, alcohol/drug problems, feeling down, difficulty concentrating and/or lack of motivation. These mental health concerns or stressful events may lead to diminished academic performance or reduce a student's ability to participate in daily activities. The Ohio State University offers services to assist you with addressing these and other concerns you may be experiencing.

If you or someone you know are suffering from any of the aforementioned conditions, you can learn more about the broad range of confidential mental health services available on campus via the Office of Student Life's Counseling and Consultation Service (CCS) by visiting ccs.osu.edu or calling 614-292-5766. CCS is located on the 4th floor of the Younkin Success Center and 10th floor of Lincoln Tower. You can reach an on-call counselor when CCS is closed at 614-292-5766 and 24-hour emergency help is also available through the 24/7 by dialing 988 to reach the Suicide and Crisis Lifeline.

Creating an Environment Free from Harassment, Discrimination, and Sexual Misconduct

The Ohio State University is committed to building and maintaining a community to reflect diversity and to improve opportunities for all. All Buckeyes have the right to be free from harassment, discrimination, and sexual misconduct. Ohio State does not discriminate on the basis of age, ancestry, color, disability, ethnicity, gender, gender identity or expression, genetic information, HIV/AIDS status, military status, national origin, pregnancy (childbirth, false pregnancy, termination of pregnancy, or recovery therefrom), race, religion, sex, sexual orientation, or protected veteran status, or any other bases under the law, in its activities, academic programs, admission, and employment. Members of the university community also have the right to be free from all forms of sexual misconduct: sexual harassment, sexual assault, relationship violence, stalking, and sexual exploitation.

To report harassment, discrimination, sexual misconduct, or retaliation and/or seek confidential and non-confidential resources and supportive measures, contact the Office of Institutional Equity:

Online reporting form at equity.osu.edu,

Call 614-247-5838 or TTY 614-688-8605,

Or Email equity@osu.edu

The university is committed to stopping sexual misconduct, preventing its recurrence, eliminating any hostile environment, and remedying its discriminatory effects. All university employees have reporting responsibilities to the Office of Institutional Equity to ensure the university can take appropriate action:

- All university employees, except those exempted by legal privilege of confidentiality or expressly identified as a confidential reporter, have an obligation to report incidents of sexual assault immediately.
- The following employees have an obligation to report all other forms of sexual misconduct as soon as practicable but at most within five workdays of becoming aware of such information: 1. Any human resource professional (HRP); 2. Anyone who supervises faculty, staff, students, or volunteers; 3. Chair/director; and 4. Faculty member.

Disability Statement (with Accommodations for Illness)

The university strives to maintain a healthy and accessible environment to support student learning in and out of the classroom. If you anticipate or experience academic barriers based on your disability (including mental health, chronic, or temporary medical conditions), please let me know immediately so that we can privately discuss options. To establish reasonable accommodations, I may request that you register with Student Life Disability Services. After registration, make arrangements with me as soon as possible to discuss your accommodations so that they may be implemented in a timely fashion.

If you are ill and need to miss class, including if you are staying home and away from others while experiencing symptoms of viral infection or fever, please let me know immediately. In cases where illness interacts with an underlying medical condition, please consult with Student Life Disability Services to request reasonable accommodations. You can connect with them at slds@osu.edu; 614-292-3307; or slds.osu.edu.

Diversity Statement

The Ohio State University affirms the importance and value of diversity of people and ideas. We believe in creating equitable research opportunities for all students and to providing programs and curricula that allow our students to understand critical societal challenges from diverse perspectives and aspire to use research to promote sustainable solutions for all. We are committed to maintaining an inclusive community that recognizes and values the inherent worth and dignity of every person; fosters sensitivity, understanding, and mutual respect among all members; and encourages each individual to strive to reach their own potential. The Ohio State University does not discriminate on the basis of age, ancestry, color, disability, gender identity or expression, genetic information, HIV/AIDS status, military status, national origin, race, religion, sex, gender, sexual orientation, pregnancy, protected veteran status, or any other bases under the law, in its activities, academic programs, admission, and employment.

To learn more about diversity, equity, and inclusion and for opportunities to get involved, please visit:

https://odi.osu.edu/

https://cbsc.osu.edu

Grievances and Solving Problems

A student who encounters a problem related to his/her educational program has a variety of avenues available to seek resolution. (Note: the procedures for grade grievances are explicitly covered in the faculty rules) Typically, a student is advised to resolve any dispute, disagreement, or grievance as directly as possible, engaging with the person or persons most closely involved. The faculty and staff of the departments and colleges are available to work with students in this regard. If this step does not produce acceptable results, the student should follow a logical stepwise progression to address the academic concerns.

According to University Policies, if you have a problem with this class, you should seek to resolve the grievance concerning a grade or academic practice by speaking first with the instructor or professor. Then, if necessary, take your case to the department chairperson, college dean or associate dean, and to the provost, in that order. Specific procedures are outlined in Faculty Rule 3335-8-23. Grievances against graduate, research, and teaching assistants should be submitted first to the supervising instructor, then to the chairperson of the assistant's department.

Lyft Ride Smart (Previously Safe Ride Program)

Lyft Ride at Ohio State offers eligible students discounted rides, inside the university-designated service area (opens in new window) and has expanded service to the Short North area along High Street. Service runs from 7 p.m. to 7 a.m. Prices may be impacted by distance, traffic, time of day, special events and prime time surcharges. More information about the service and the Lyft App, and a link to get started using the Lyft Ride Smart services can be found at: https://ttm.osu.edu/ride-smart.

Religious Accommodations

Ohio State has had a longstanding practice of making reasonable academic accommodations for students' religious beliefs and practices in accordance with applicable law. In 2023, Ohio State updated its practice to align with new

state legislation. Under this new provision, students must be in early communication with their instructors regarding any known accommodation requests for religious beliefs and practices, providing notice of specific dates for which they request alternative accommodations within 14 days after the first instructional day of the course. Instructors in turn shall not question the sincerity of a student's religious or spiritual belief system in reviewing such requests and shall keep requests for accommodations confidential.

With sufficient notice, instructors will provide students with reasonable alternative accommodations with regard to examinations and other academic requirements with respect to students' sincerely held religious beliefs and practices by allowing up to three absences each semester for the student to attend or participate in religious activities. Examples of religious accommodations can include, but are not limited to, rescheduling an exam, altering the time of a student's presentation, allowing make-up assignments to substitute for missed class work, or flexibility in due dates or research responsibilities. If concerns arise about a requested accommodation, instructors are to consult their tenure initiating unit head for assistance.

A student's request for time off shall be provided if the student's sincerely held religious belief or practice severely affects the student's ability to take an exam or meet an academic requirement **and** the student has notified their instructor, in writing during the first 14 days after the course begins, of the date of each absence. Although students are required to provide notice within the first 14 days after a course begins, instructors are strongly encouraged to work with the student to provide a reasonable accommodation if a request is made outside the notice period. A student may not be penalized for an absence approved under this policy.

If students have questions or disputes related to academic accommodations, they should contact their course instructor, and then their department or college office. For questions or to report discrimination or harassment based on religion, individuals should contact the <u>Office of Institutional Equity</u>.

Policy: Religious Holidays, Holy Days and Observances

Connections to theme "Citizenship for a Just and Diverse World"

This course fits within the Citizenship for a Just and Diverse World theme by engaging students in an immersive, interdisciplinary study of citizenship, justice, and diversity in Bolivia, centrally including exposure to a variety of ecological management strategies, interactions with indigenous students and professionals, and hands-on experiential learning. As they travel across Bolivia's diverse regions—the Altiplano and the salt flats, the temperate valleys, and the tropical lowlands—students will explore indigenous activism, environmental movements, debates over natural resource management and ecotourism, and the intersections of politics, ethnicity and cultural identity. Through structured discussions (pláticas), guided exploration, site visits, and reflective assignments, students will critically analyze Bolivian approaches to citizenship and compare them with U.S. traditions, deepening their understanding of a comparative approach to diverse global conceptualizations of justice, citizenship, and diversity.

ELO 1.1 Engage in critical and logical thinking.

Course activities and assignments foster critical and logical thinking by requiring students to analyze and reflect on their experiences in Bolivia through structured discussions (pláticas), experiential learning, and written reflections. The pre-trip assessment asks students to articulate their initial understanding of citizenship, diversity, and justice, prompting them to establish a baseline from which their learning can be measured. Daily pláticas encourage students to engage with course readings, site visits, and lived experiences in a dialogical discussion format. Students will be expected to engage politely and appropriately with Bolivian hosts, professionals, academics, fellow students, and tour guides. The experiential learning portfolio challenges students to synthesize their observations through activities such journals, curated photo archives, creative projects, or academic essays, requiring them to logically connect their experiences to broader course themes. Finally, the post-trip reflection asks students to critically evaluate how their perspectives evolved, demonstrating growth in analytical reasoning and cross-cultural understanding.

ELO 2.1 Identify, describe, and synthesize approaches or experiences.

Course activities and assignments support an advanced, in-depth, scholarly exploration of citizenship, justice, and diversity in Bolivia by integrating academic approaches, travel in different zones of Bolivia, discussion with study abroad leaders and local professionals, students, and academics, and their own critical reflection. The pre-trip assessment prompts students to articulate their initial perspectives on these themes, setting the stage for learning over the course of the trip. Daily *pláticas* and structured discussions connect

scholarly readings with experiential learning, allowing students to critically engage with issues that come up over the course of our trip. The experiential learning portfolio offers multiple pathways for in-depth analysis, including the option of an academic essay that requires engagement with course readings, independent research, and first-hand observations. Site visits to locations such as the Universidad Indígena Boliviana Quechua Casimiro Huanca, the Universidad Mayor de San Simón, UNICEF Bolivia, and ecotourism parks and preserves provide direct access to experts and local perspectives which may challenge the students' assumptions. The assigned readings provide students with academic context for their hands-on activities and in-person conversations. Finally, the post-trip reflection challenges students to synthesize their experiences and critically assess how their understanding of citizenship and justice has developed or changed over the course of the trip.

ELO 2.1 Identify, describe, and synthesize approaches or experiences.

Course activities and assignments integrate academic study with experiential learning. Through daily *pláticas*, self-guided explorations of different sites, and structured discussions, students engage with multiple perspectives and connect them to their firsthand observations. The experiential learning portfolio requires students to document and reflect on their experiences through journals, photo archives, creative projects, or an academic essay, encouraging synthesis of theoretical knowledge and real-world encounters. Additionally, visits to institutions, particularly indigenous-led institutions, expose students to different cultural and political frameworks, helping them compare and contrast approaches to education, activism, and governance. Hands-on activities such as cooking and weaving classes and interactions with young people will open opportunities for dialogue and for the students to grapple with new ideas. As they begin to assimilate these experiences into their worldview, the post-trip reflection prompts students to critically analyze how their experiences and academic learning intersect, demonstrating their ability to synthesize what they have observed about US and Bolivian perspectives on citizenship and justice.

ELO 2.2 Demonstrate a developing sense of self as a learner through reflection, self-assessment, and creative work, building on prior experiences to respond to new and challenging contexts.

A study abroad experience in Bolivia, with its deep indigenous histories, diverse linguistic and cultural landscapes, and complex political dynamics, will push students beyond their comfort zones. Engaging with local communities and indigenous leaders, visiting the tropical lowlands of the Chapare and learning about the coca industry, and learning from activists and scholars will challenge students to rethink their assumptions about

citizenship and justice. Experiencing Bolivia's varied geography—from the high-altitude cities of La Paz and Potosí, through the lush intermontane valleys, and into the tropical lowlands—will require students to adapt to new environments, strengthening their resilience and intercultural competence. Observing the intersections of environmental activism, indigenous rights, and national politics firsthand will provide moments of self-reflection, helping students understand and critique their own positionalities. By the end of the trip, students will not only have expanded their academic knowledge but also gained deeper self-awareness, flexibility, and a more nuanced understanding of their place in a diverse and varied world.

ELO 3.1 Describe and analyze a range of perspectives on what constitutes citizenship and how it differs across political, cultural, national, global, and/or historical communities.

Course activities and assignments integrate experiential learning with academic study. Through traveling in different regions of Bolivia, working on hands-on activities, and documenting their experiences, students will learn about diverse viewpoints from a variety of different viewpoint. The course will highlight indigenous perspectives on linguistic and cultural rights, contrasting with state-centered models of citizenship; for example, Bolivia was the first country to recognize the rights of Mother Earth (the Pachamama) under national and international law.

Students will be immersed throughout the trip in a variety of perspectives and interpretations of the cultural, political, and historical context of Bolivia. Students will be expected to synthesize these perspectives through their written, oral, and expressive assignments, demonstrating how direct engagement with individuals and communities deepened their understanding of citizenship across national, cultural, and global frameworks.

ELO 3.2 Identify, reflect on, and apply the knowledge, skills and dispositions required for intercultural competence as a global citizen.

Course activities and assignments lead students to immerse themselves in Bolivia's diverse cultural, linguistic, and political landscapes. Through guided and self-guided tours, students experience the landscape personally, subsequently assimilating their experience through daily *pláticas* and structured discussions. Visits to institutions like the Universidad Indígena Boliviana Quechua Casimiro Huanca, the Universidad Mayor de San Simón, ecotourism resorts such as Din Kong Resort and Guëmbé Park and Bioreserve, the national park Noel Kempff Mercado, and development organizations such as UNICEF Bolivia expose students to different models of education, governance, and activism, challenging them to

critically assess their own cultural assumptions in the context of their international experience.

The experiential learning portfolio encourages students to reflect on their intercultural experiences through journals, creative projects, and material artifacts, requiring them to consider how their interactions in Bolivia inform their understanding of global citizenship. Assignments such as the photo archive and scrapbook/artifact collection push students to analyze cultural symbols and practices in context, while the academic essay option allows them to explore complex issues—such as indigenous rights or environmental justice—through a cross-cultural lens.

By traveling across Bolivia's varied regions, from the urban activism of La Paz to the indigenous governance structures of Shinahota, students develop the ability to navigate different cultural contexts with respect and critical awareness. Finally, the post-trip reflection challenges them to apply their learning by considering how their experiences abroad shape their future academic, professional, and personal engagements as globally competent citizens.

ELO 4.1 Examine, critique, and evaluate various expressions and implications of diversity, equity, inclusion, and explore a variety of lived experiences.

Course activities and assignments require students to examine, critique, and evaluate various expressions and implications of diversity, equity, and inclusion by providing firsthand experience with Bolivia's cultural, social, and economic diversity and encouraging comparisons with their own lives in the U.S. Through daily *pláticas* and structured discussions, students reflect on their direct encounters with cultural differences, indigenous rights, and social justice, critically analyzing how diversity, equity, and inclusion are interpeted in different contexts. Site visits to government and non-government institutions, as well as smaller communities, expose students to policies and grassroots efforts aimed at promoting equity and inclusion, prompting them to compare these initiatives with those in the U.S.

The experiential learning portfolio deepens this engagement by requiring students to reflect on their interactions with individuals from diverse backgrounds, including those with different linguistic traditions, economic realities, and political experiences. Assignments such as the photo archive and scrapbook/artifact collection encourage students to document what they notice about the landscape and society in Bolivia, while they can take advantage of the academic essay to critically evaluate issues such as racial and ethnic identity, political representation, and economic justice in Bolivia and relate them to similar issues in the U.S.

Over the course of the trip, students gain firsthand insight the structural factors that shape access to resources and opportunities. The post-trip reflection prompts them to synthesize these experiences, critically assessing how cultural and economic differences influence concepts of diversity, equity, and inclusion, and drawing meaningful comparisons between their experiences in Bolivia and their own lives in the U.S., encouraging them to think about global connections and inequalities in new ways.

ELO 4.2 Analyze and critique the intersection of concepts of justice, difference, citizenship, and how these interact with cultural traditions, structures of power and/or advocacy for social change.

The assignments and activities in this course encourage students to analyze and critique the intersection of justice, difference, and citizenship by engaging with Bolivia's diverse cultural, political, and ecological landscapes. Students explore how indigenous identity, linguistic rights, and state policies shape citizenship and social justice. Visits to academic, government, and non-government institutions provide firsthand exposure to efforts promoting equity and inclusion, and engagement with artisans and craftspeople through hands-on workshops will prompt them to experience the trip not only from the window of a tour bus, but by actively engaging in local practices and activities.

The experiential learning portfolio requires students to reflect on these encounters through projects such as journals, creative projects, or an academic essay, in which they can reflect on topics like indigenous governance, environmental justice, and economic differences. Students will also learn about the lasting effects of events in recent history such as the Cochabamba Water War and Evo Morales's rise to power and presidency.

Biodiversity plays a key role in these discussions, as students visit national parks and ecological reserves to explore the connections between ecotourism, resource management, and indigenous language and cultural rights. Throughout the course, instructors draw on their academic and personal expertise to provide deeper context and facilitate meaningful engagement with local communities.

As they travel across Bolivia, students gain firsthand insight into the intersections of justice, identity, and power in the history and present of this beautiful country. The post-trip reflection challenges them to connect these experiences to their own cultural and national contexts, fostering a deeper understanding of citizenship, justice, and diversity in a global context.

Global and Intercultural Learning: Abroad, Away, or Virtual Course Inventory

Performance expectations set at appropriately high levels, engaging in both academic and experiential exploration of the setting in which they study. Please link this expectation to the course goals, topics and activities and indicate *specific* activities/assignments through which it will be met. (50-500 words)

This May study abroad program encourages students engage deeply with the social, cultural, and ecological context of Bolivia through a combination of academic resources, guided site visits, self-paced exploration, and structured reflection. The daily schedule includes assigned readings, group discussions, and experiential learning activities, providing opportunities for academic and personal growth.

The experiential learning portfolio enables students to document and analyze their experiences in real time, reinforcing their learning across the program as well as reflection at the end of the study abroad experience. Structured daily *pláticas* with faculty and peers provide opportunities for students to reflect on their encounters with local people, Bolivian cultural traditions, and sociopolitical issues. Visits to cultural institutions and talks from Bolivian professionals, academics, and craftspeople will give students the opportunity to stretch their boundaries both mentally and with hands-on activities.

By engaging with community organizations, visiting cultural institutions, and exploring public spaces and ecological preserves, students develop an informed perspective on contemporary Bolivian society and culture. The program's immersive structure and prompts students develop meaningful and critical analysis about justice, diversity, and citizenship while critically reflecting on their own positionality and forming parallels that lead them to think critically about these categories in their home country.

Significant investment of effort by students over an extended period of time (e.g., Program length meets high academic standards and allows students to build meaningful connections with local community members and to develop a deep understanding of local cultural context). Please link this expectation to the course goals, topics and activities and indicate *specific* activities/assignments through which it will be met. (50-500 words)

This course sets high academic and experiential expectations by requiring students to critically engage with Bolivia's linguistic diversity, indigenous rights, efforts to preserve biodiversity, and political movements through structured travel, experiential learning, and scholarly inquiry. Course activities—including discussions with local intellectuals and professionals, visits to ecological preserves, hands-on exploration of cultural practices, and guided discussions—will support students as they integrate theoretical perspectives with firsthand experience.

Assignments such as the bookend pre- and post-reflections, the experiential learning portfolio, and attendance at *pláticas* challenge students to reflect on and document their interactions with local communities, in ecological reserves, with political organizations, and in conversation with representatives of cultural and academic institutions. Faculty will be available to prompt reflection and assist the students in developing deeper analytical perspectives, and we plan to facilitate connections with local university students as well. Course assignments synthesize these experiences, demonstrating their ability to critically evaluate the intersection of citizenship, justice, and diversity in Bolivia.

Interactions with faculty and peers about substantive matters including cultural self-awareness, intercultural empathy, and academic content. Please link this expectation to the course goals, topics and activities and indicate *specific* activities/assignments through which it will be met. (50-500 words)

This course plan provides for structured interactions between students, faculty, and peers - both who are fellow travelers on the study abroad trip and those who live permanently in Bolivia. In the dialogical format of daily *pláticas*, study abroad leaders will encourage critical discussions of indigenous movements, geographic and cultural differences, and academic approaches to Bolivian politics and culture. This forum will also provide space for students to process experiences, analyze readings, and reflect on their positionality as visitors in Bolivia.

Study abroad leaders will draw from their own research, life experiences, and fieldwork to help students examine linguistic diversity, indigenous activism, and environmental issues. Group activities such as site visits, guided reflections, and analysis of cultural artifacts encourage students to explore different perspectives on citizenship, justice, and diversity from historical and contemporary perspectives.

Students engage in structured written reflection through experiential learning portfolios, which include activities such as scrapbooking, daily journals, and photo

essays. We expect them to approach topics such as language and identity; economic currents; history and colonialism; environmental stewardship; and natural resource management as their interests dictate.

By engaging in discussions with study abroad leaders and local contacts, students develop a deeper understanding of citizenship, justice, and diversity in Bolivia as well as reflecting on their own positionalities as US students.

Students will get frequent, timely, and constructive feedback on their work, from all appropriate sources, on their intercultural interactions and academic learning. Please link this expectation to the course goals, topics and activities and indicate *specific* activities/assignments through which it will be met. (50-500 words)

This course is designed to provide ongoing, structured feedback to help students critically engage with intercultural interactions and academic content throughout their time in Bolivia. Feedback is integrated into daily *pláticas*, experiential learning assignments, and faculty check-ins, ensuring students receive regular guidance on their reflections and analyses.

Students receive verbal feedback during daily *pláticas*, where faculty facilitate discussions that help students refine their interpretations of cultural experiences, readings, and site visits. These discussions allow students to ask questions, process their observations, and receive immediate input from instructors and peers.

The experiential learning portfolio assignments—such as daily journals, photo archives, and scrapbooks—are reviewed regularly, with faculty providing timely feedback to help students navigate their understanding of intercultural experiences. Students are encouraged to integrate this feedback into their subsequent reflections and final post-trip reflection paper.

Additionally, structured interactions with local experts, guides, and community members provide informal but valuable feedback on students' engagement with Bolivian culture. Whether through Q&A sessions at institutions like the Instituto Plurinacional de Estudio de Lenguas y Culturas de Bolivia or discussions with local activists, students gain insight into how their questions, perspectives, and assumptions are received in cross-cultural settings.

Periodic, structured opportunities to reflect and integrate learning, especially on their cultural self-awareness and their experience with difficult differences. Please link this expectation to the course goals, topics and activities and indicate *specific* activities/assignments through which it will be met. (50-500 words)

Reflection is embedded throughout the program in daily *pláticas*, experiential learning assignments, and the pre- and post-trip reflection papers.

Daily *pláticas* serve as a dedicated space for students to discuss and analyze their encounters with cultural differences, approaches to ecology and natural resource management, social categorization, and the historical context of Latin America. These conversations, guided by faculty, help students make connections between their experiences during the trip, course readings, and broader discussions of citizenship and justice.

The experiential learning portfolio reinforces reflection by requiring students to document and analyze their experiences through assignments such as journals, photo archives, and scrapbooks. For example, students may reflect on interactions where language barriers shaped communication, or examine the contrast between economic realities in Bolivia and the US. Or they might document a particularly delicious meal that they helped prepare and enjoyed eating. Faculty provide regular feedback, encouraging students to refine their insights and consider alternative perspectives.

The post-trip reflection paper serves as a culminating assignment, prompting students to synthesize their learning by addressing how their understanding of citizenship, diversity, and justice has evolved. They are asked to critically assess how their expectations compared to their actual experiences and how they navigated moments of cultural discomfort or unexpected differences.

Opportunities to discover relevance of learning through real-world applications and the integration of course content to contemporary global issues and contexts. Please link this expectation to the course goals, topics and activities and indicate *specific* activities/assignments through which it will be met. (50-500 words)

This course helps students connect academic learning with real-world applications, encouraging them to analyze citizenship, justice, diversity, language rights, and environmental issues in Bolivia and globally. Through site visits, guided discussions, travel through the distinct ecological areas of Bolivia, and experiential learning assignments, students engage with topics such as indigenous rights, environmental activism, linguistic diversity, and economic justice.

Visits to local organizations introduce students to Bolivia's language policies, highlighting the role of Quechua, Aymara, and other indigenous languages in national identity and governance. These experiences allow students to compare Bolivia's approach to linguistic diversity and minority rights with similar debates in

the U.S. For example, discussions of the Cochabamba Water War can help students critically examine global struggles over resource privatization and access to clean water.

The course also emphasizes Bolivia's ecological diversity, with visits to sites such as Tiquipaya in the Chapare tropical lowlands, Parque Nacional Noel Kempff Mercado in the Amazon and the highland Uyuni Salt Flats, where students explore the connections between biodiversity, conservation, and indigenous land rights. These experiences provide firsthand exposure to natural resource management and ecotourism, linking local conservation efforts to global environmental challenges.

Assignments such as the experiential learning portfolio, journals, photo archives, and scrapbooks require students to document and analyze how their observations relate to global issues of justice and citizenship. For those who choose to write an academic essay, students will select a specific topic to explore in greater detail.

Public Demonstration of competence both in academic settings and, if possible, in the study away site. Please link this expectation to the course goals, topics and activities and indicate *specific* activities/assignments through which it will be met. (50-500 words)

This course requires students to demonstrate their learning in both academic and real-world settings through structured reflection, discussion, and hands-on experiential learning.

Daily *pláticas* allow students to critically analyze their experiences, engage with course readings, and refine their ideas through faculty and peer discussions. The experiential learning portfolio serves as a key demonstration of students' analytical and reflective abilities. Assignments such as photo archives, scrapbooks, and creative projects require students to document and analyze their experiences, while the academic essay challenges them to connect field observations with scholarly research on topics like indigenous activism, environmental governance, or language policy.

Students also engage in hands-on learning through cooking classes, weaving workshops, and direct engagement with local communities, gaining insight into Bolivia's cultural traditions. By learning from indigenous artisans, preparing traditional foods, and interacting with community members, students develop a deeper understanding of the intersections of cultural identity, labor, and social organization. These activities encourage active participation and critical reflection, ensuring that students apply their learning beyond academic discussions.

Additionally, students engage with local experts, activists, and scholars at institutions such as the Instituto Plurinacional de Estudio de Lenguas y Culturas de Bolivia, local universities, and UNICEF Bolivia, where they ask informed questions and discuss course themes in real-world contexts.

Because these assignments rely on firsthand experiences, personal observations, and direct interactions, they discourage the use of AI-generated content. Students are expected to produce original, reflective work rooted in their unique encounters in Bolivia. Faculty emphasize critical thinking and ethical academic practices, ensuring that student work authentically reflects their learning.

Experiences with diversity wherein students demonstrate intercultural competence and empathy with people and worldview frameworks that may differ from their own. Please link this expectation to the course goals, topics and activities and indicate *specific* activities/assignments through which it will be met. (50-500 words)

The course is framed around an immersive cultural and intellectual introduction to Bolivian society, history, and culture. In alignment with indigenous pedagogical practices, students will engage in hands-on learning experiences, such as weaving workshops, cooking classes, and interactions with local students and professionals, allow students to engage meaningfully Bolivians from many walks of life.

We will leverage study abroad leaders' connections with institutions such as the Instituto Plurinacional de Estudio de Lenguas y Culturas de Bolivia, the Universidad Indígena Boliviana Quechua Casimiro Huanca, and the Universidad Mayor de San Simón to expose students to Bolivia's linguistic and ethnic diversity and the importance of indigenous political movements.

The experiential learning portfolio requires students to document and reflect on these moments, whether through photo archives, scrapbooks, or written journals. Assignments and discussions prompt students to analyze their interactions, recognize moments of cultural misunderstanding or growth, and consider how their own cultural background shapes their perceptions.

Explicit and intentional efforts to promote inclusivity and a sense of belonging and safety for students, e.g. universal design principles, culturally responsive pedagogy, structured development of cultural self-awareness. Please link this expectation to the course goals, topics and activities and indicate *specific* activities/assignments through which it will be met. (50-500 words)

This course is designed to foster inclusivity, cultural self-awareness, and a sense of belonging through intentional pedagogical strategies, structured reflection, and faculty support. Study abroad leaders use culturally responsive teaching methods to guide students in engaging respectfully with diverse communities while also reflecting on their own positionality as visitors in Bolivia.

Daily *pláticas* provide a structured space for students to process their experiences, voice concerns, and discuss moments of cultural difference, misunderstanding, or discomfort in a supportive environment. Faculty draw on their personal and academic expertise in Bolivian culture and history to help students navigate intercultural interactions thoughtfully and respectfully.

The course incorporates universal design principles by allowing students to choose from multiple formats for reflection and assessment—including written journals, photo archives, scrapbooks, and creative projects—ensuring that all students can engage with course material in ways that align with their strengths.

To promote a sense of safety and well-being, students receive clear guidance on cultural norms, health and safety protocols, and ethical engagement before and during the trip. Study abroad leaders will provide ongoing individual and group check-ins to ensure students feel supported throughout the program.

By embedding structured reflection, flexible assessment methods, and faculty mentorship, the course provides students with the tools to engage with new cultural contexts while thinking critically about their own experiences.

Clear plans to promote this course to a diverse student body and increase enrollment of typically underserved populations of students. Please link this expectation to the course goals, topics and activities and indicate *specific* activities/assignments through which it will be met. (50-500 words)

This course will be promoted through OIA, the Department of Spanish and Portuguese, and undergraduate student organizations to ensure that students from a variety of backgrounds are aware of the opportunity. Special attention will be given to reaching students who may not have previously considered studying abroad.

To address financial barriers, faculty will work with the Division of Arts and Humanities and the Office of International Affairs to connect students with relevant grants and scholarships. Promotional materials and information sessions will emphasize that Spanish fluency is not required, making it clear that students from different academic disciplines and language backgrounds are welcome.

Study abroad leaders will also coordinate with academic advisors to ensure that the course reaches students who may benefit from its interdisciplinary focus. The Center for Latin American Studies (CLAS), the Quechua language program, and BTAA CourseShare will help promote the course to students interested in indigenous languages, Andean studies, and Latin American issues, including those at other Big Ten institutions.

The course will be advertised through classroom visits, the study abroad fiar, department newsletters, and Ohio State's study abroad website, making it accessible to a broad range of students. While no single strategy can remove all barriers to study abroad, these efforts aim to make the course more accessible to students who might not otherwise consider an international experience.